



VOJVODANSKA AKADEMIJA
NAUKA I UMETNOSTI

SAVREMENO LEČENJE GOJAZNOSTI I METABOLIČKOG SINDROMA

Prof. Dr Miroslav Ilić

Pristupno predavanje, 3. jun 2021.

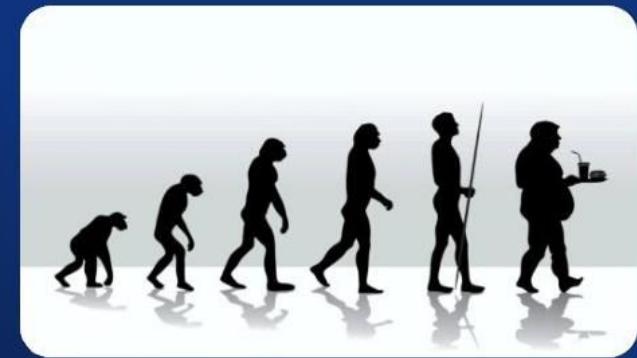


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Medicinski fakultet u Novom Sadu

„GLOBESITY“

Gojaznost (*obesitas*) je hronična bolest koja se ispoljava prekomernim nakupljanjem masti u organizmu i povećanjem telesne težine.



- ✓ Epidemija: 2 milijarde ljudi sa prekomernom težinom i 650 miliona gojaznih
- ✓ Prevalenca SAD 36% odraslih i 17% adolescenata
- ✓ 15% odraslih SAD (BMI > 35 kg/m²)
- ✓ Peti vodeći uzrok smrti u svetu (WHO), milion u EU
- ✓ Odgovorna za 80% slučajeva šećerne bolesti, 35% ishemične bolesti srca i 55% hipertenzija

Fried M, Yumuk V, Oppert JM, Scopinaro N, Torres AJ, Weiner R, Yashkov Y, Fruhbek G. Interdisciplinary European Guidelines on Metabolic and Bariatric Surgery. Obes Facts 2013;6:449–468 .



Zašto smo gojazni?

Multikauzalni uzroci

Genetski
Evolucijska
hipoteza štedljivog genotipa
James Neel, 1962

Okruženje
socijalni
kulturološki



Homeostaza energije

Kontrola unosa hrane
Potrošnja energije
Termogeneza
Biologija adipocita (masti)

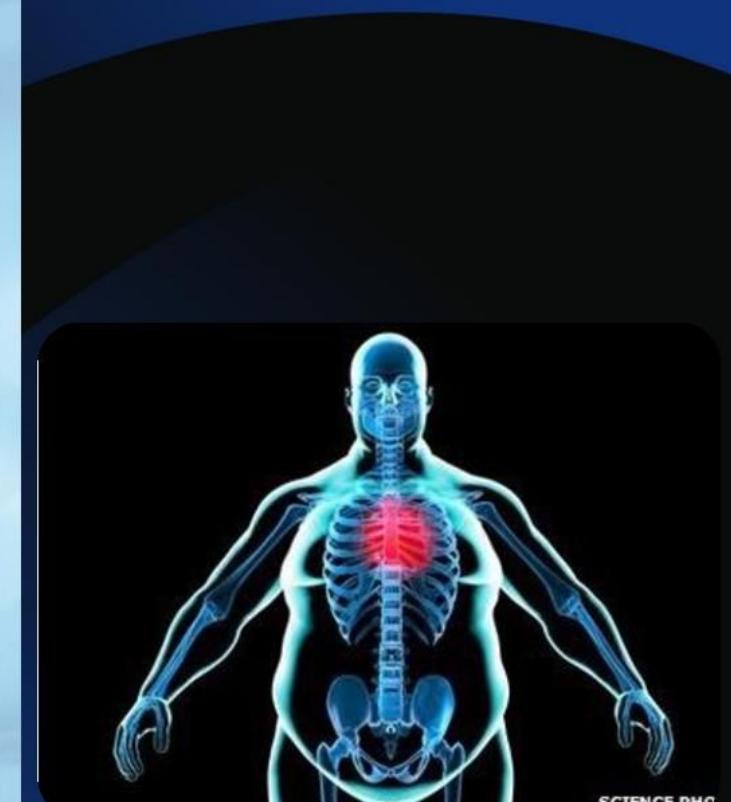
Vilenendorfska Venera 25.000 godina pre Hrista



Klasifikacija gojaznosti

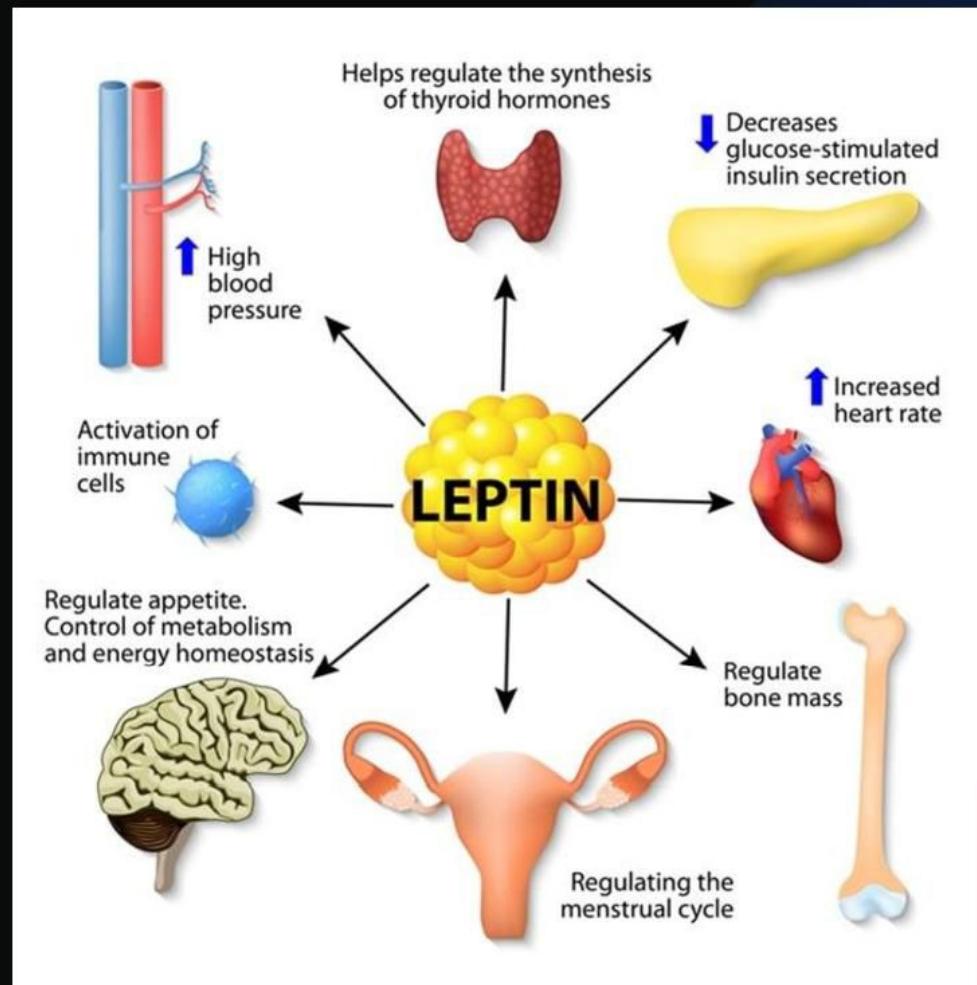
BMI (indeks telesne mase) = kg/m²

Underweight	BMI $<18.5 \text{ kg/m}^2$
Normal or acceptable weight	$18.5\text{--}24.9 \text{ kg/m}^2$
Overweight	$25\text{--}29.9 \text{ kg/m}^2$
Obese	$\geq 30 \text{ kg/m}^2$
Grade 1	$30\text{--}34.9 \text{ kg/m}^2$
Grade 2	$35.0\text{--}39.9 \text{ kg/m}^2$
Grade 3	$\geq 40 \text{ kg/m}^2$ (severe, extreme or morbid obesity)
Grade 4	$\geq 50 \text{ kg/m}^2$
Grade 5	$\geq 60 \text{ kg/m}^2$
Abdominal obesity in Caucasians	Waist girth
Men	$\geq 94 \text{ cm}$
Women	$\geq 80 \text{ cm}$



Leptinska paradigma – kontrola unosa hrane

Jeffrey Friedman 1994. otkrio i klonirao gen za leptin (g. leptos – tanak)



Hormon koji proizvode adipociti. Kodiran je genom GEN OB na 7 hromozomu.

Ključna uloga u regulatornim mehanizmima apetita i skladištenju energije. Reguliše nivo telesne masti kroz centralnu (hipotalamus) inhibiciju apetita i unosa hrane.

Visok nivo leptina u krvi – visok procenat masti u telu i BMI.

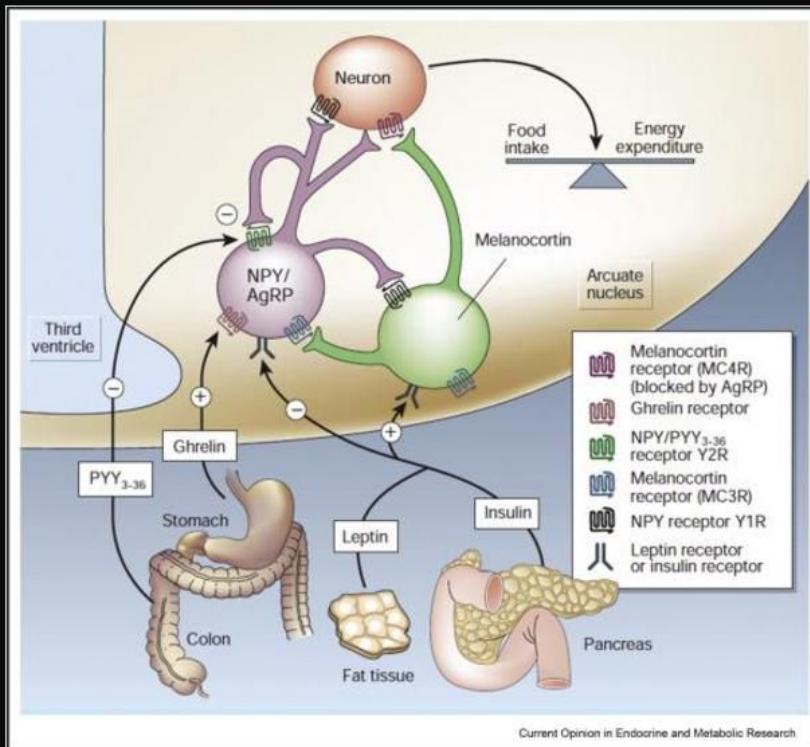
Leptin je citokin koji sadrži interleukin 6 i HR. Deluje preko leptinskih receptora.

Homozigotne genske mutacije dovode do gojaznosti u miševa.

Brak kod bliskih osoba dovodi do mutacije gena za leptin.

Lečenje „leptinopenije“: metreleptin (sc); genski „sekvensing“

Homeostazna modulacija i hormoni creva u gojaznosti



Schwartz, M.W. and G.J. Morton, Obesity: keeping hunger at bay. *Nature*, 2002.418 (6898): p. 595.

Changes in circulating gut hormones following RYGB, SG and diet induced weight loss.

Gut hormone	Changes in RYGB	Changes in SG	Changes in Dieting
Anorexigenic			
GLP-1	Fasting levels: ↔ Post prandial levels: ↑↑ [30,51,52,55]	Fasting levels: ↔ Post prandial levels: ↑↑ [51,52]	↔ or ↓ [40]
PYY	Fasting levels: ↔ or ↑ Post prandial levels: ↑↑ [30,51,55,79] ↑ [69]	Fasting levels: ↔ or ↑ Post prandial levels: ↑↑ [51,52]	↔ or ↓ [37,40]
Oxyntomodulin	↑ [30,55]	↑↑ [52]	↓ [37,40]
CCK	↔ or ↓ [72]	↔ or ↓ [80]	↑ [37]
GIP			
Neurotensin	↑↑ [81]		
Gastrin	↔ or ↓ [82]	↔ or ↓ [82]	
Amylin	↓ [79]		↓ [40]
FGF19	↑ [83,84]	↑ [83]	↔ [84]
Bile acids	Conflicting data: ↔ or ↑ [83,85]	Conflicting data: ↔ or ↑ [83,85]	↓ [86]
Orexigenic			
Ghrelin	↓ in the first weeks longer-term effects are controversial: ↔, ↓ or ↑ [30]	Fasting levels: ↓ Postprandial levels: ↓↓ [51,80]	↔ or ↑, VLCD or ketogenic diet: ↓ [37,41]

↑ = increase intervention.

↓ = decrease intervention.

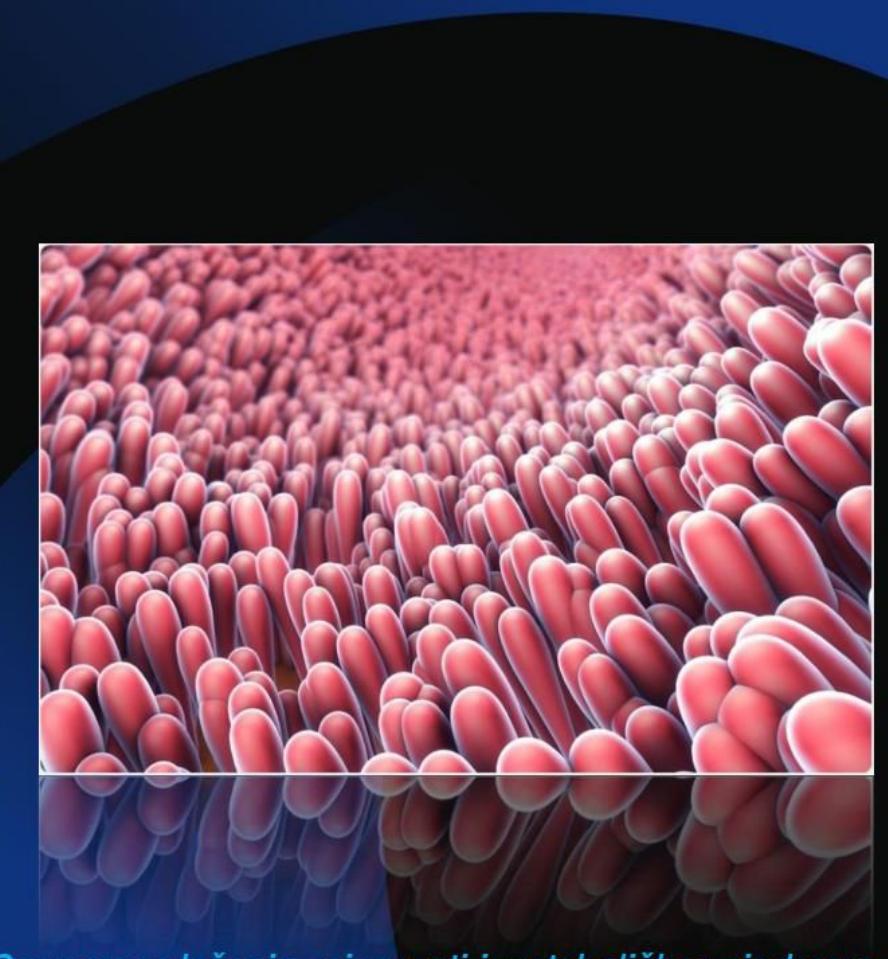
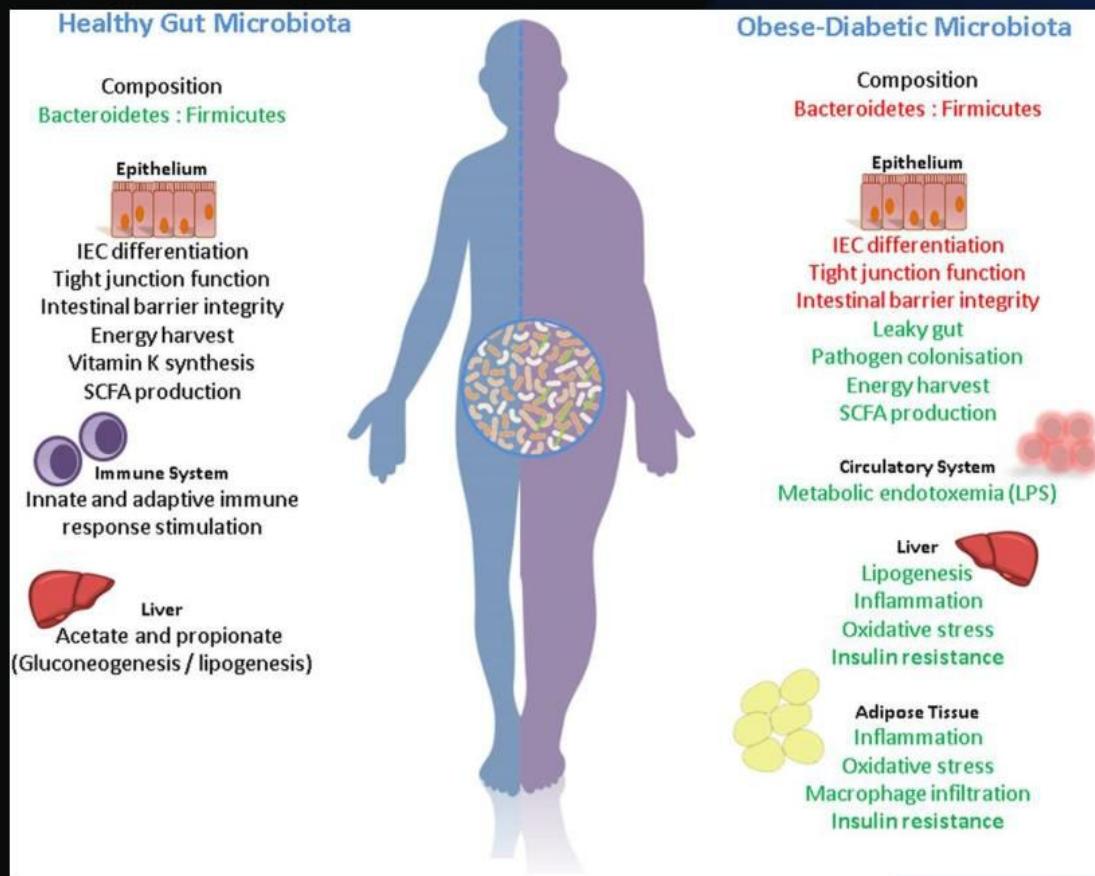
↔ = no significant change.

↔ = no change in baseline.

Jessica KW. Mok, Janine M. Makaronidis, Rachel L. Batterham. The role of gut hormones in obesity. *Current Opinion in Endocrine and Metabolic Research*, 2019;4 p.4-13



Bakterije creva (mikrobiota) i gojaznost

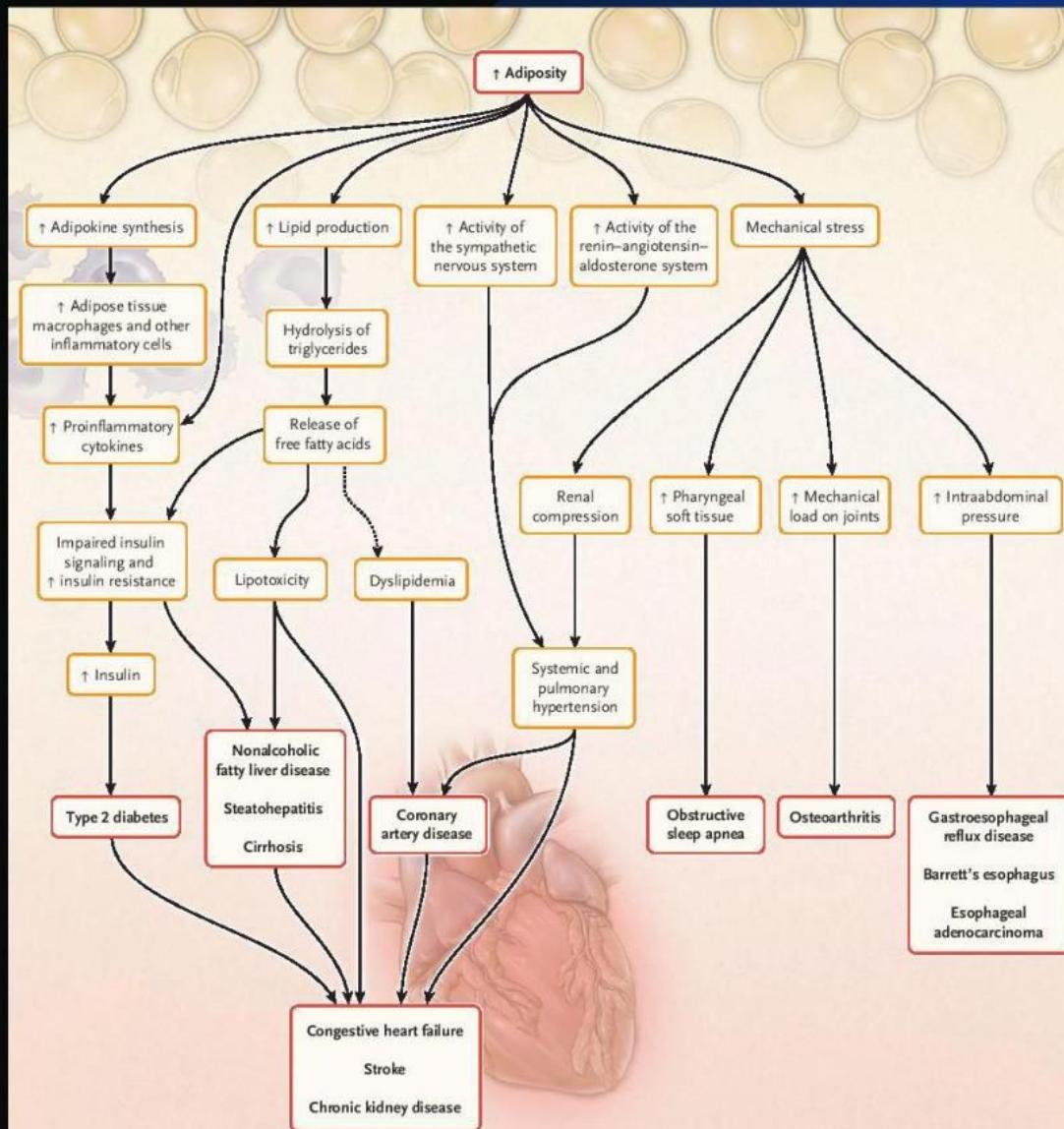


Savremeno lečenje gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma



Patofiziologija gojaznosti i udruženih komorbiditeta

Kompleksna familija medijatora



Heymsfield SB, Wadden TA. Mechanisms, Pathophysiology and Management of Obesity. *N Engl J Med* 2017;376:254-66.



Metabolički sindrom

Poremećaj metabolizma i skup faktora rizika (3 of 5) koji se javljaju kao posledica inzulinske rezistencije i patološkog nakupljanja masnog tkiva u organizmu

- ✓ *Centralna (abdominalna) gojaznost*
- ✓ *Povišen krvni pritisak*
- ✓ *Povišene vrednosti šećera u krvi (natašte ili uzimanje lekova)*
- ✓ *Povišene vrednosti triglicerida u krvi*
- ✓ *Niski HDL („high density lipoprotein“) holesterol*

Drugi znaci

Inzulinska rezistencija ("prediabetes")

Udružena stanja

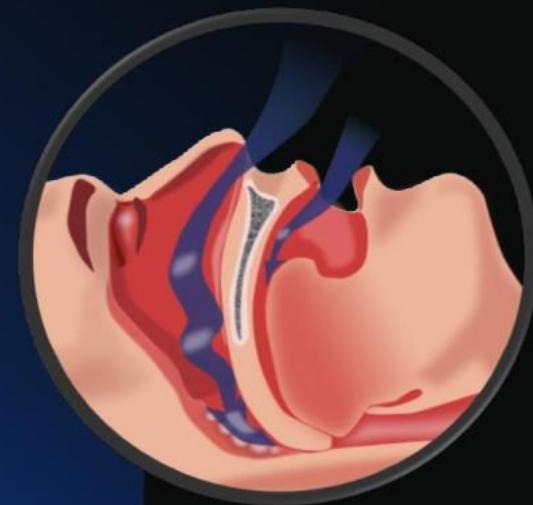
Hiperurikemija

Masna jetra i progresija u NAFLD

Policistični jajnici

Erektilna disfunkcija

Akantoza nigrikans

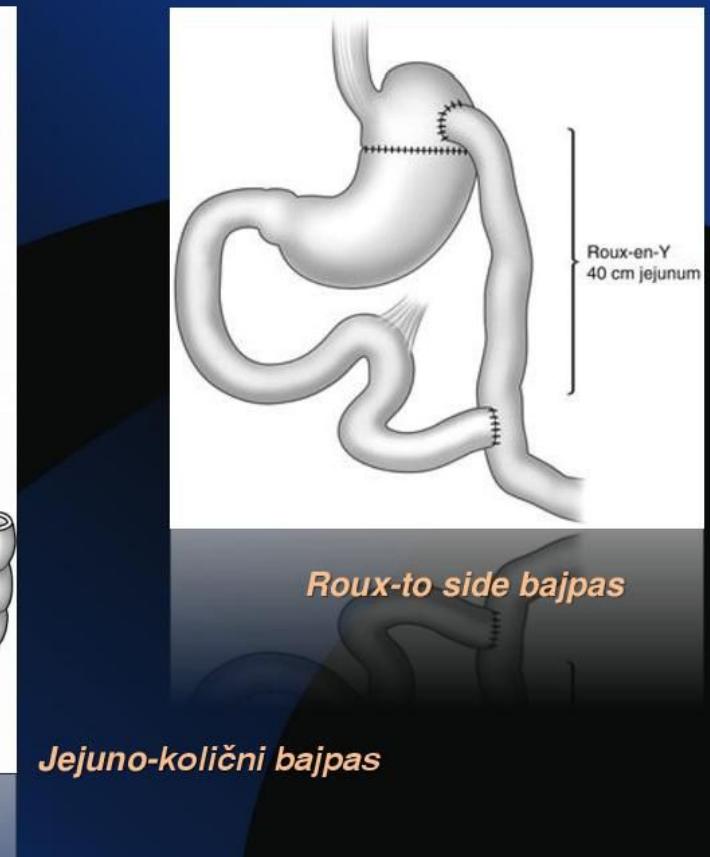
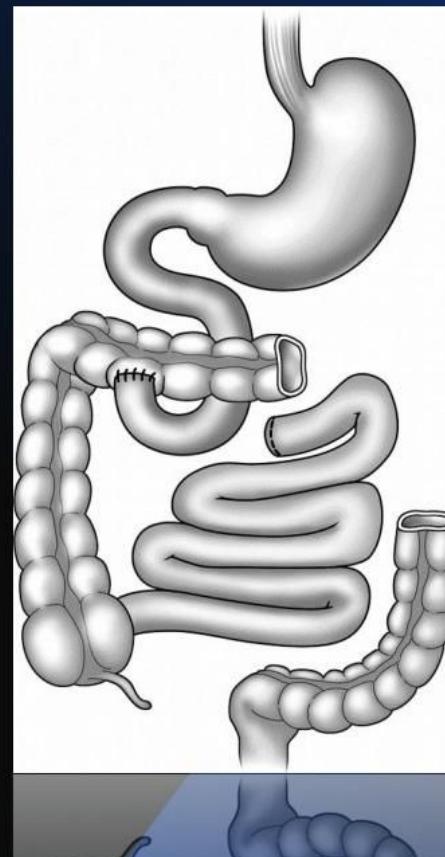
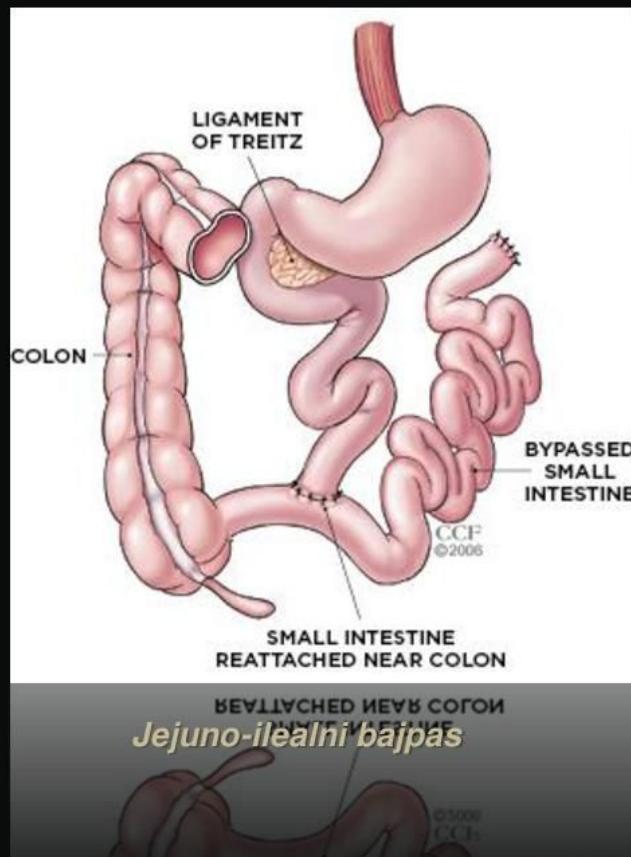


Sleep apnea



Hirurgija protiv gojaznosti

Rani period : 1950-e, 1960-e MALAPSORPTIVNE procedure

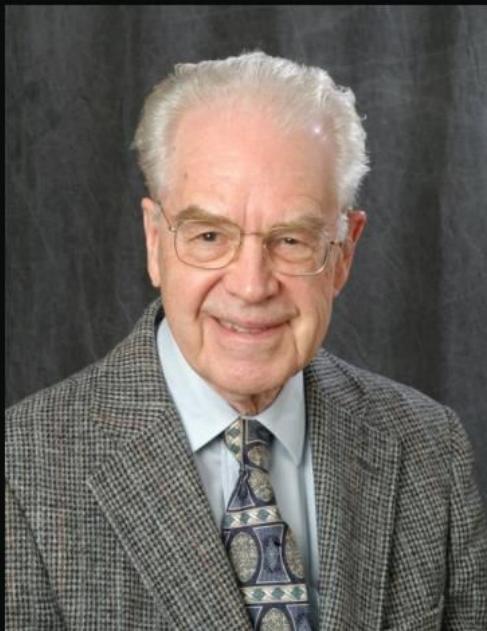


Rezultat: 70%EWL + malapsorpcija, dehidratacija, acidoza, elektrolitiski disbalans, jetrena insuficijencija, prekomerni rast bakterija

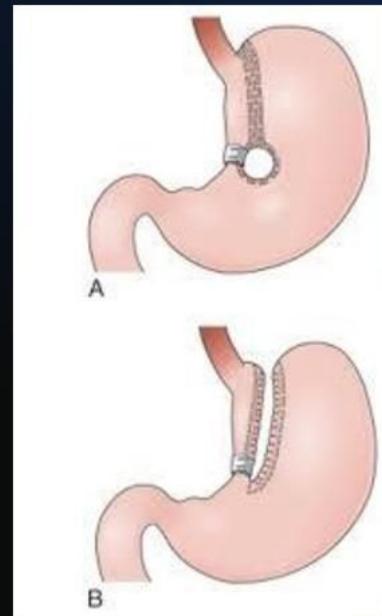


Hirurgija protiv gojaznosti

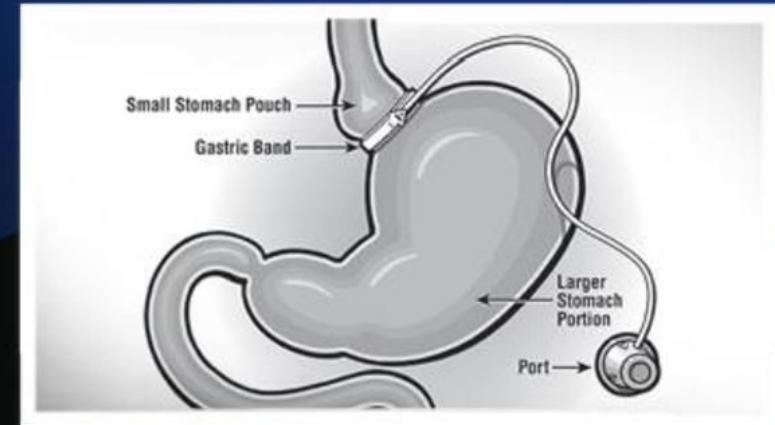
1970-e, 1980-e: shvatanje uloge RESTRIKCIJE ŽELUCA u hirurgiji



Edward E. Mason, USA



Vertikalna želudačna particija - STEPLERI!



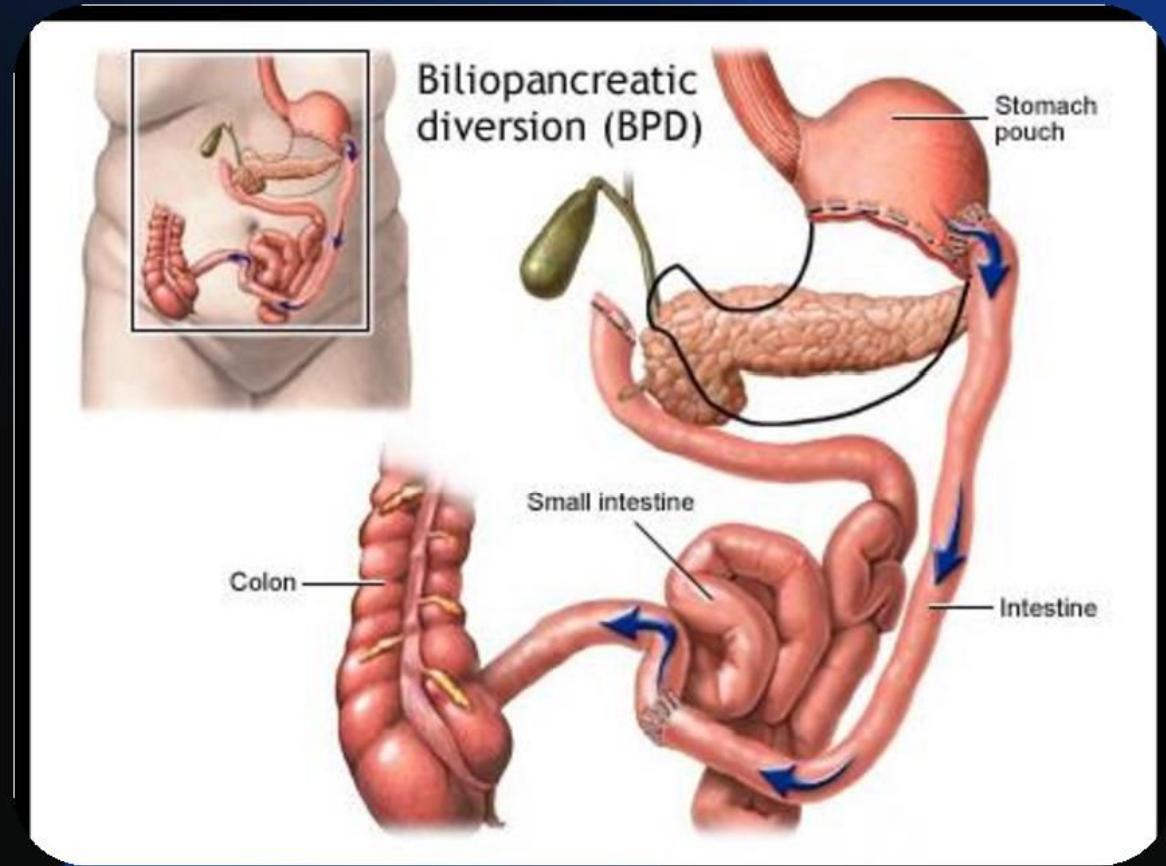
*„Prilagodljiva želudačna traka“
Kuzmak, Belachew*

1990-e: REVOLUCIJA LAPAROSKOPSKE HIRURGIJE – „minimalno invazivne“



Istorijat bariatrijske i metaboličke hirurgije

Nicola Scopinaro, 1979.



Prvi dugoročni rezultati hirurgije protiv gojaznosti

1990 – 2003

22 094 pacijenata

Srednji % EWL = 61,2

Šećerna bolest
Hyperlipidemija
Hipertenzija
Opstruktivna „sleep apnea“

Kompletna rezolucija

76,8%

61,7%

85,7%

Poboljšanje

86%

70%

78,5%

83,6%

Buchwald H, Avidor Y, Braunwald E et al. Bariatric Surgery: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. JAMA. 2004; 292 (14): 1724-1737.



Hirurgija protiv gojaznosti

BARIJATRIJSKA HIRURGIJA (XX vek)

„baros“ (gr) – težina „iatrea“ (gr) - lečenje



METABOLIČKA HIRURGIJA (XXI vek)

hirurgija koja leči i gojaznost i metaboličke poremećaje



Hirurgija protiv gojaznosti

Tipovi operacija:

1. *Restriktivne operacije*
2. *Metaboličke operacije*
3. *Kombinovane operacije*

Tehnika:

- *Laparoskopska*
- *Laparotomijska („otvorena“)*



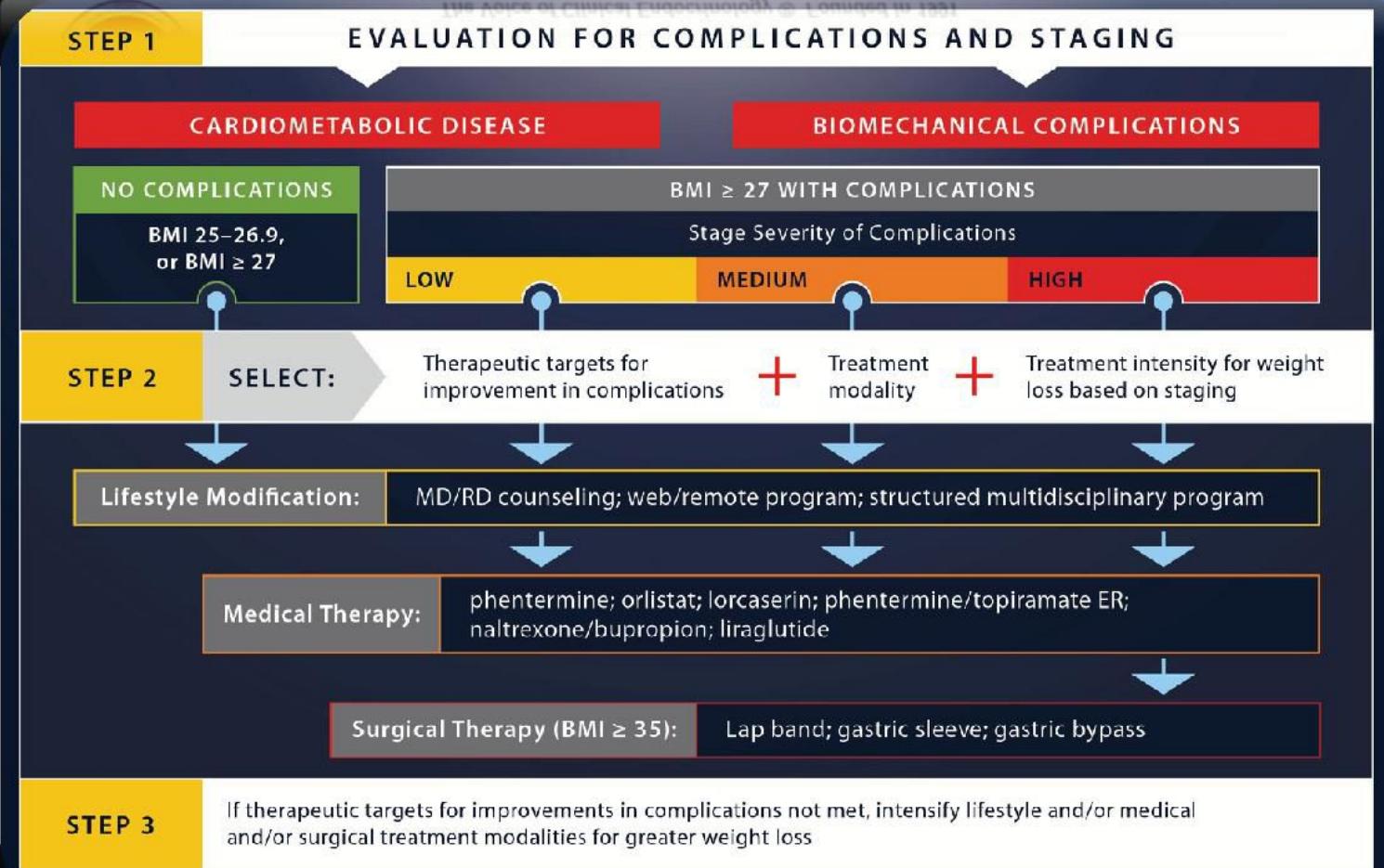
Preporuke za lečenje gojaznosti



American Association of Clinical Endocrinologists

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Hirurgija superiorna nad konzervativnim lečenjem gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma!

ARTICLES | ONLINE FIRST

Association of metabolic–bariatric surgery with long-term survival in adults with and without diabetes: a one-stage meta-analysis of matched cohort and prospective controlled studies with 174772 participants

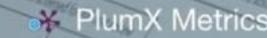
Nicholas L Syn, MBBS [†] • Prof David E Cummings, MD [†] • Louis Z Wang, MRCP [†] • Daryl J Lin, BEng [†] • Joseph J Zhao

Marie Loh, PhD • Zong Jie Koh, MRCS • Claire Alexandra Chew, MCI • Ying Ern Loo • Prof Bee Choo Tai, CStat

Guowei Kim, FRCS • Prof Jimmy Bok-Yan So, FRCS • Prof Lee M Kaplan, PhD • Prof John B Dixon, PhD

Asim Shabbir, FRCS   • Show less • Show footnotes

Published: May 06, 2021 • DOI: [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736\(21\)00591-2](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(21)00591-2)



Summary

Background

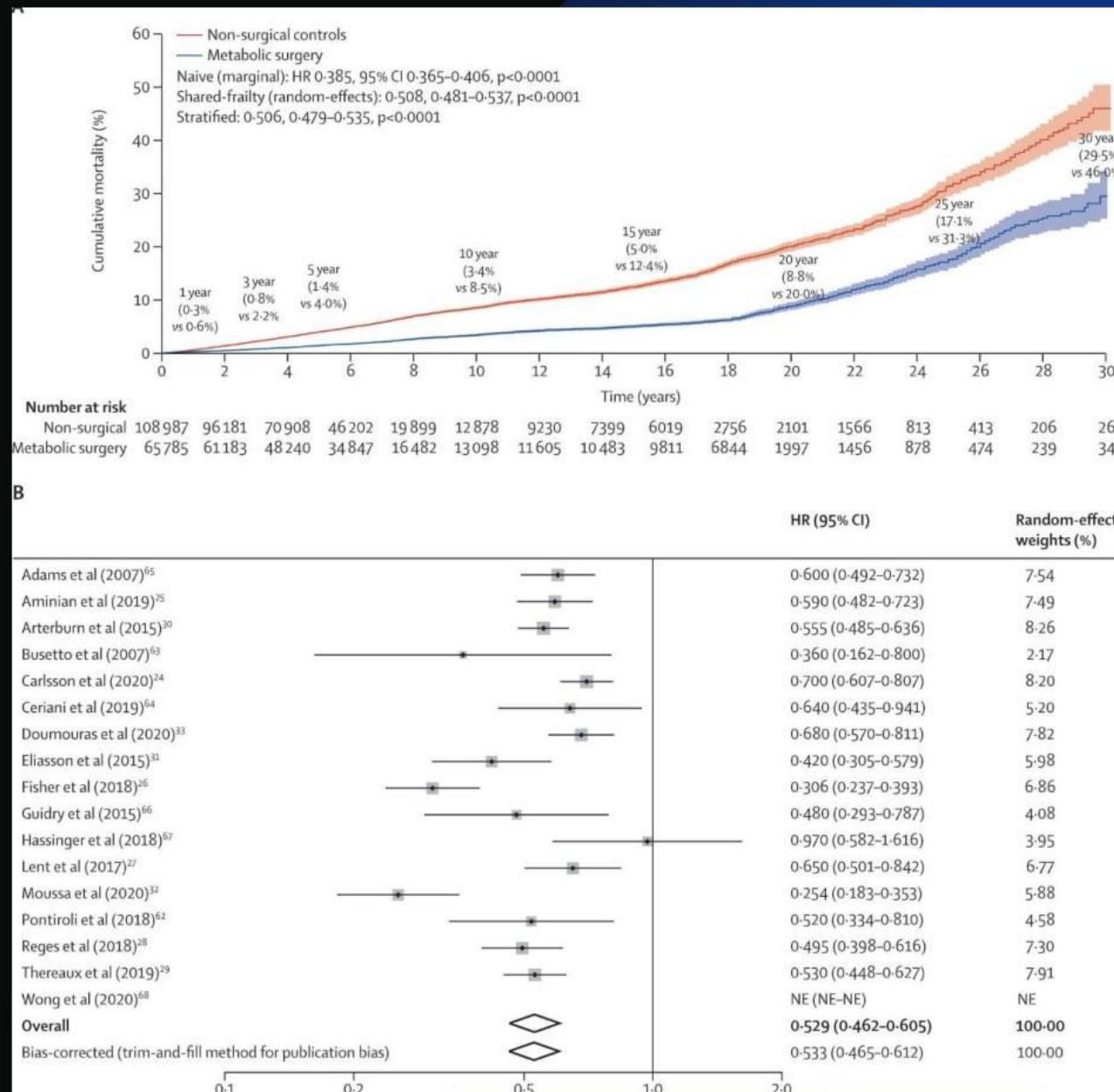
Metabolic–bariatric surgery delivers substantial weight loss and can induce remission or improvement of obesity-related risks and complications. However, more robust estimates of its effect on long-term mortality and life expectancy—especially stratified by pre-existing diabetes status—are needed to guide policy and facilitate patient counselling. We compared long-term survival outcomes of severely obese patients who received metabolic–bariatric surgery versus usual care.

Sprijavljeno u svibnju 2021.

Long-term survival outcomes of severely obese patients who received metabolic–bariatric diabetes status—are needed to guide policy and facilitate patient counselling. We compared its effect on long-term mortality and life expectancy—especially stratified by pre-existing



Hirurgija superiorna nad konzervativnim lečenjem gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma!



its effect on long-term mortality was significantly less than expected—especially stratified by pre-existing

Najčešće bariatrijske i metaboličke hirurške procedure

Ru Y želudačni bajpas
(RYGBP)



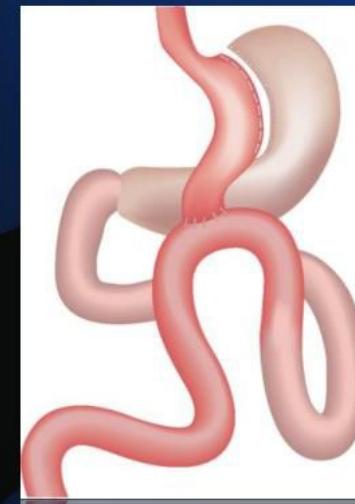
Pories WJ, Swanson MS et al. Who would have thought it? An operation proves to be most effective therapy for adult onset DM. Ann Surg. 1995;222:339

Želudačna rukavna resekcija (GS)



Ren CJ, Patterson E, Gagner M. Early results of laparoscopic biliopancreatic diversion with duodenal switch: a case series of 40 consecutive patients. Obes Surg. 2000 Dec;10(6):514-23;

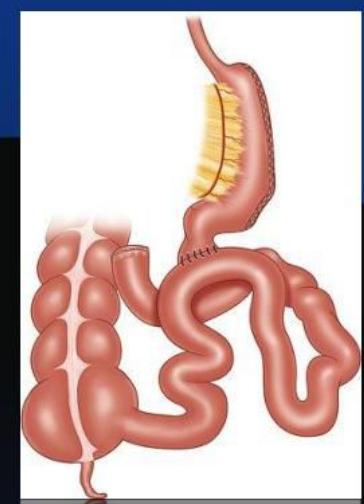
„Mini“ želudačni bajpas (MGB/OAGB)



Rutledge R. The mini gastric bypass: experience with first 1274 cases. Obes Surg. 2001;11:276

Carabajo M. OAGB by laparoscopy: results of 209 pts. Obes Surg 2005;15:389

Duodenalno-ilealni bajpas (SADI –S)



Sanches-Pernaute A, ... Torres A. SADI bypass with sleeve gastrectomy: metabolic improvement and weight loss in first 100 pts. Surg Obes Relat Dis. 2013; 9(5):731



Najčešće bariatrijske i metaboličke hirurške procedure

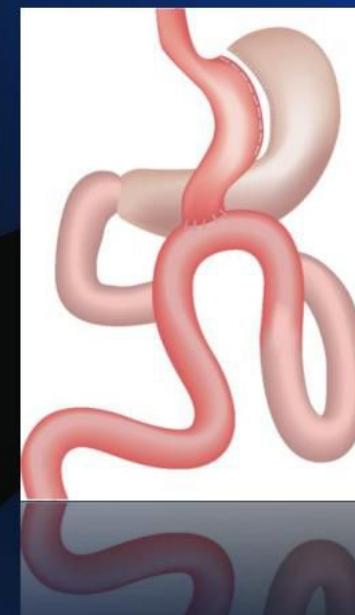
*Ru Y želudačni bajpas
(RYGBP)*



*Želudačna rukavna
resekcija (GS)*



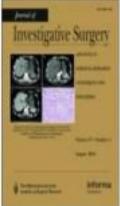
*„Mini“ želudačni
bajpas (MGB/OAGB)*



*Duodenalno-
ilealni bajpas
(SADI –S)*



Laparoskopska „gastric sleeve“ resekcija želuca

 **Journal of Investigative Surgery**

Taylor & Francis
Taylor & Francis Group

ISSN: 0894-1939 (Print) 1521-0553 (Online) Journal homepage: <http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/jis20>

Surgical Technique: Laparoscopic Gastric Sleeve Resection in Super-Obese Patients

M. Ilic PhD & S.S. Putnik MD

To cite this article: M. Ilic PhD & S.S. Putnik MD (2017): Surgical Technique: Laparoscopic Gastric Sleeve Resection in Super-Obese Patients, *Journal of Investigative Surgery*, DOI: [10.1080/08941939.2017.1289284](https://doi.org/10.1080/08941939.2017.1289284)

To link to this article: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/08941939.2017.1289284>

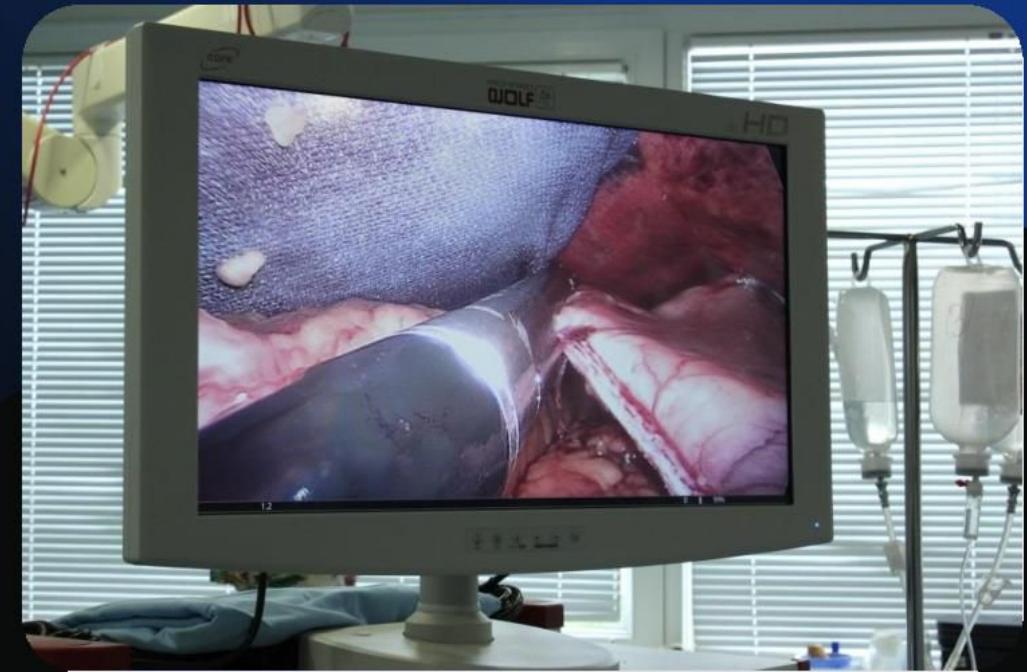
 Published online: 07 Apr 2017.

 Accepted online: 03 May 2017

 To link to this article: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/08941939.2017.1289284>

 DOI: [10.1080/08941939.2017.1289284](https://doi.org/10.1080/08941939.2017.1289284)

 ISSN: 0894-1939 (Print) 1521-0553 (Online) <http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/jis20>



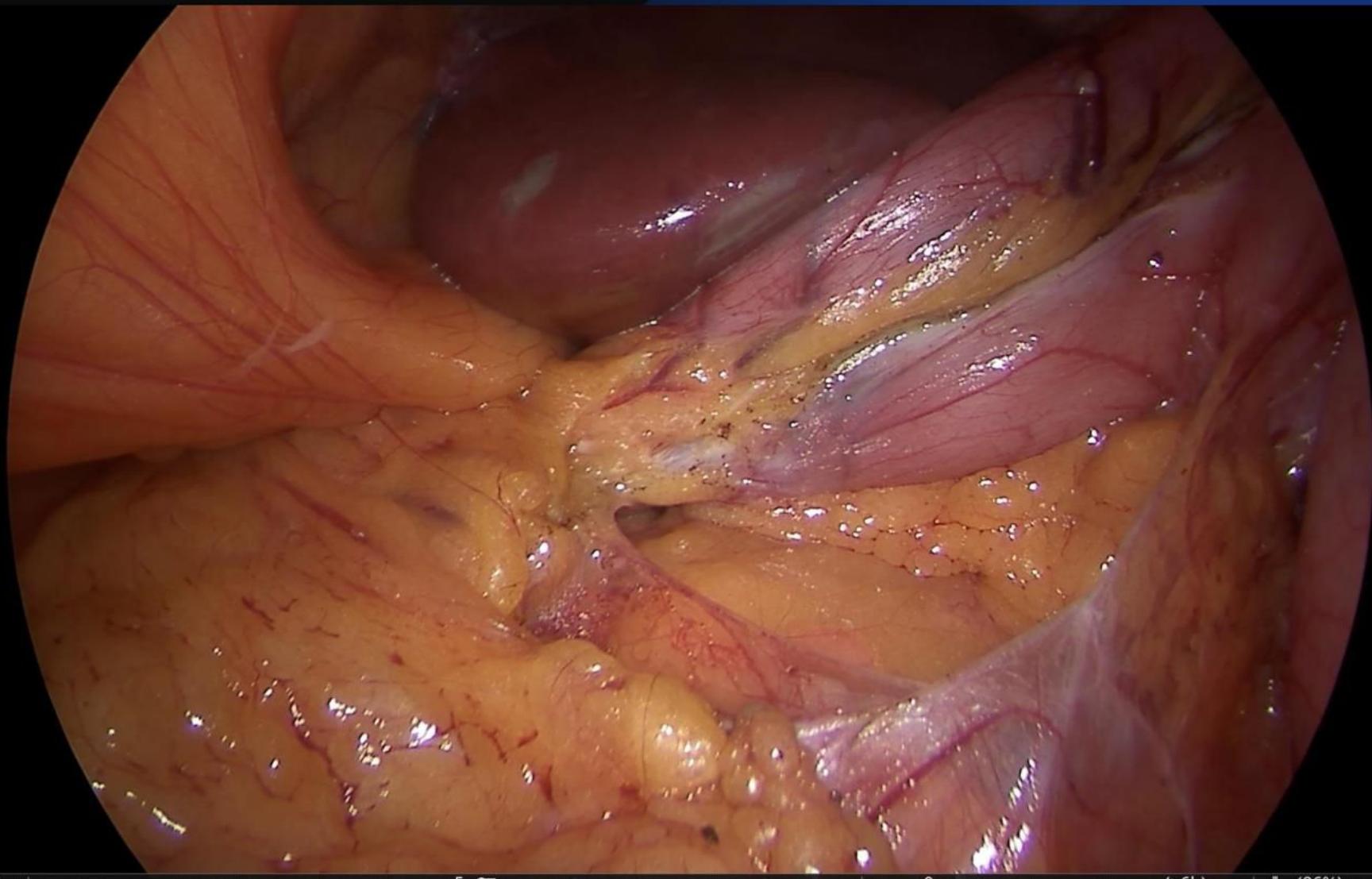
Početak bariatrijskih operacija 31.10.2008. Sremska Kamenica



Karl Miller (Austria)



Laparoskopska „gastric sleeve“ resekcija želuca



x1.0

5

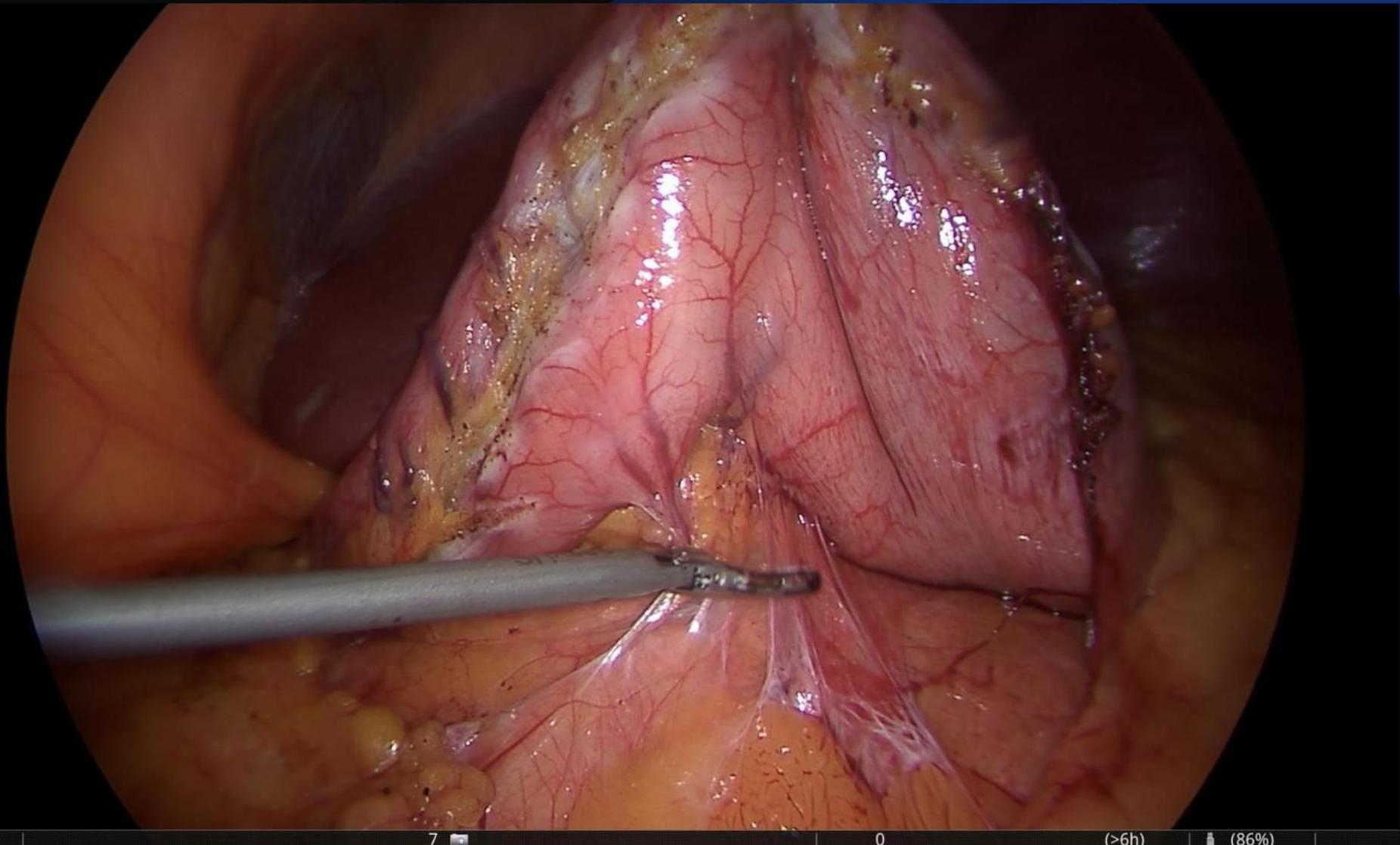
0

(>6h)

(86%)



Laparoskopska „gastric sleeve“ resekcija želuca



x1.0

7

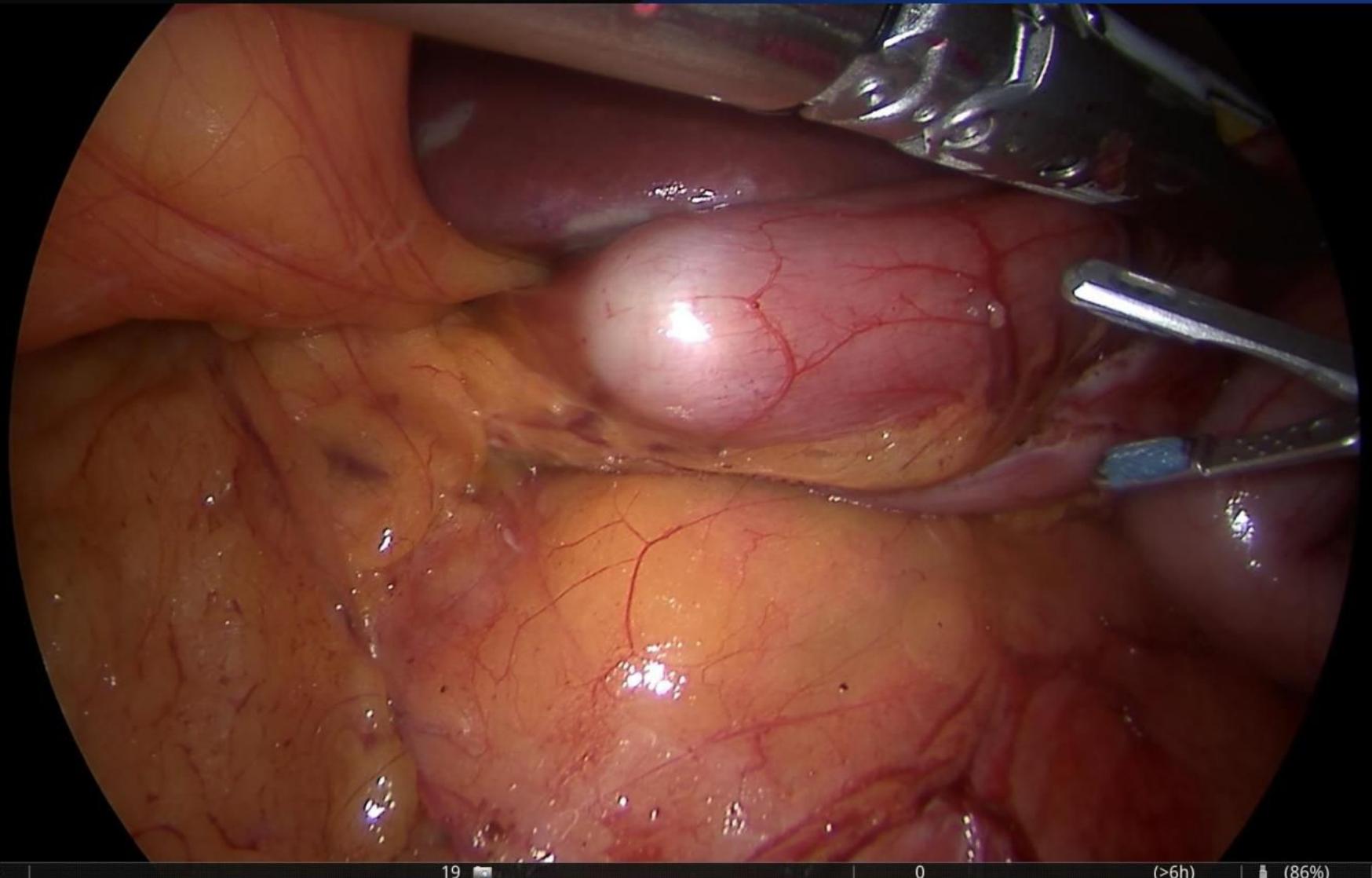
0

(>6h)

(86%)



Laparoskopska „gastric sleeve“ resekcija želuca



x1.0

19

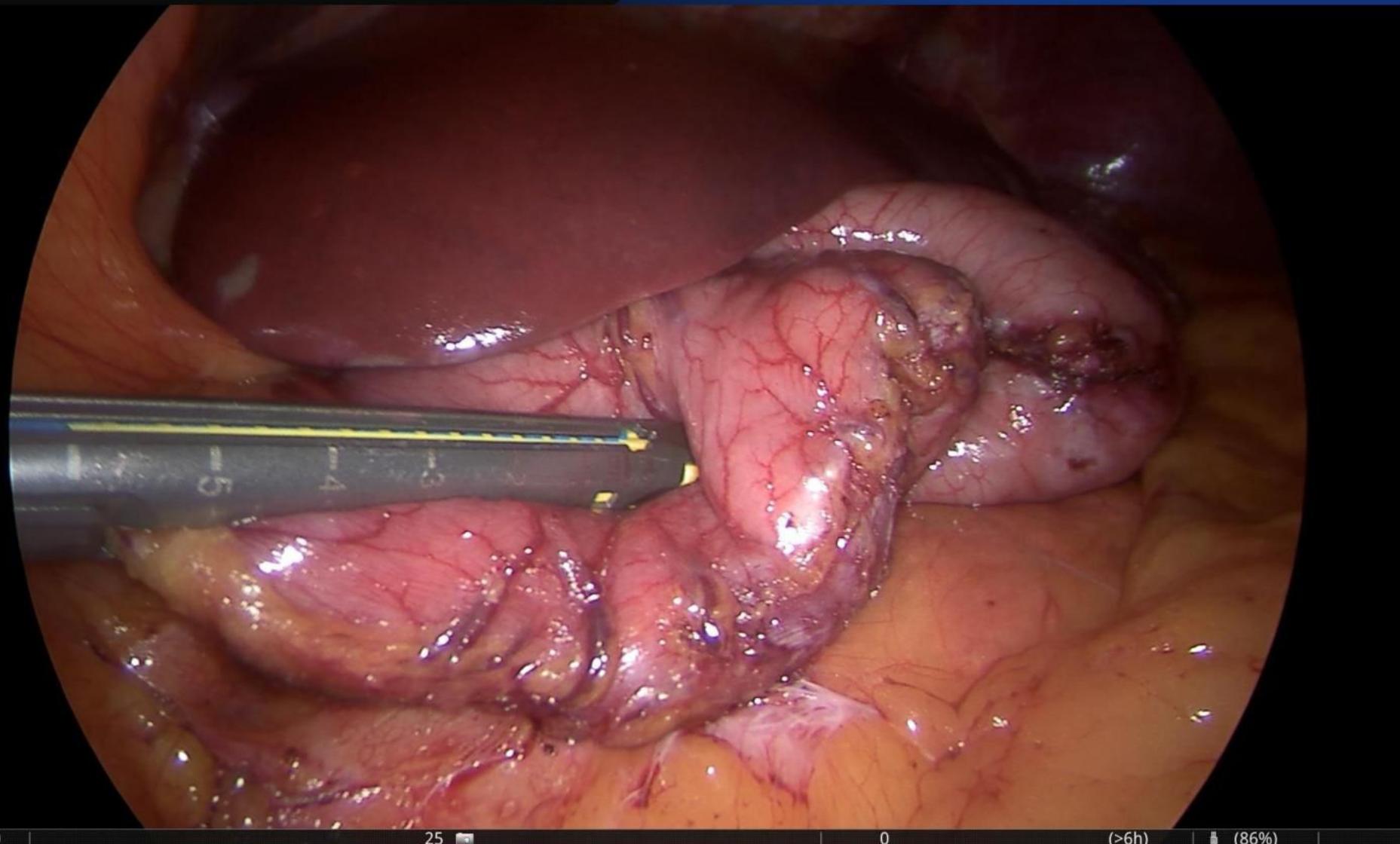
0

(>6h)

(86%)



Laparoskopska „gastric sleeve“ resekcija želuca



x1.0

25

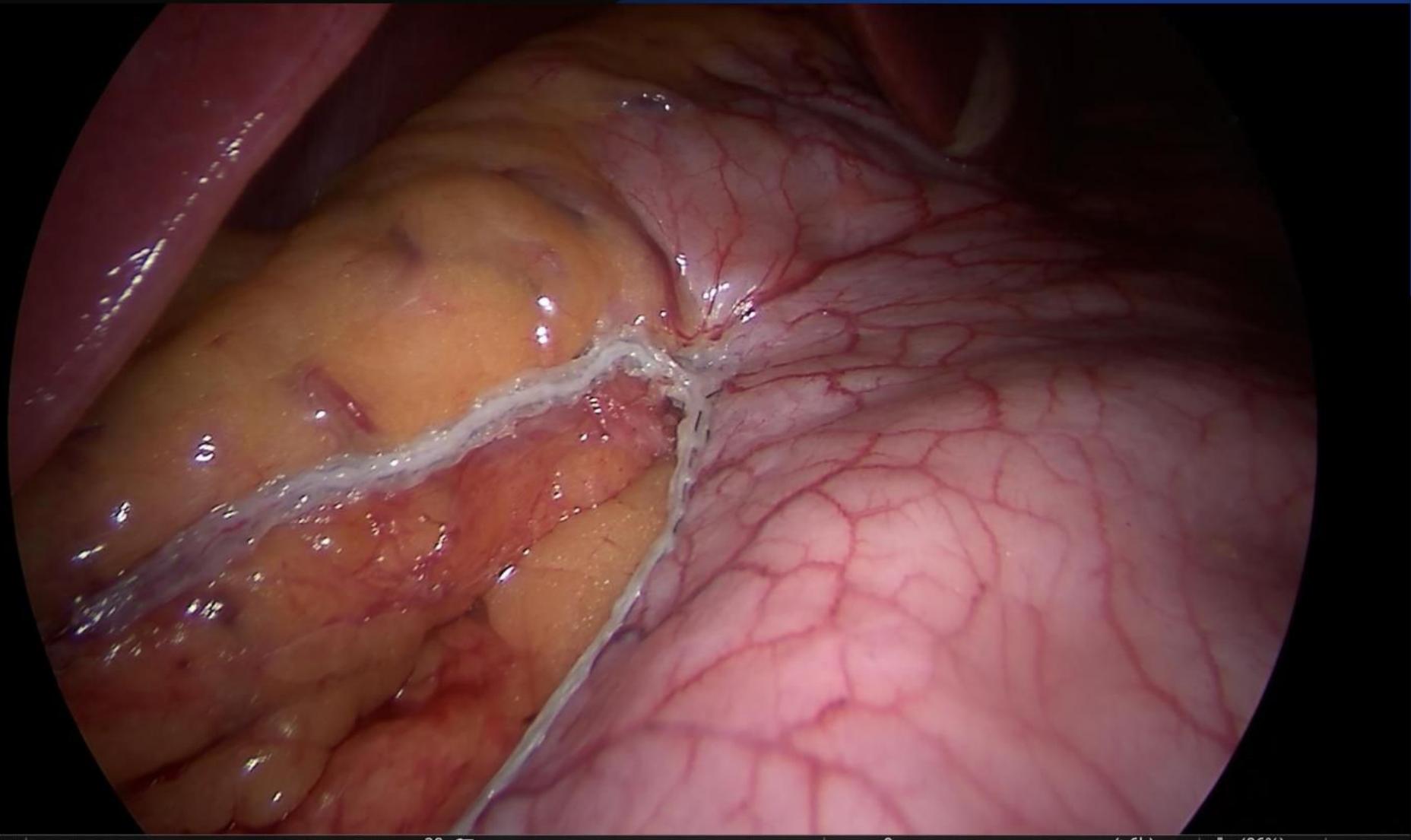
0

(>6h)

(86%)



Laparoskopska „gastric sleeve“ resekcija želuca



x1.0

28

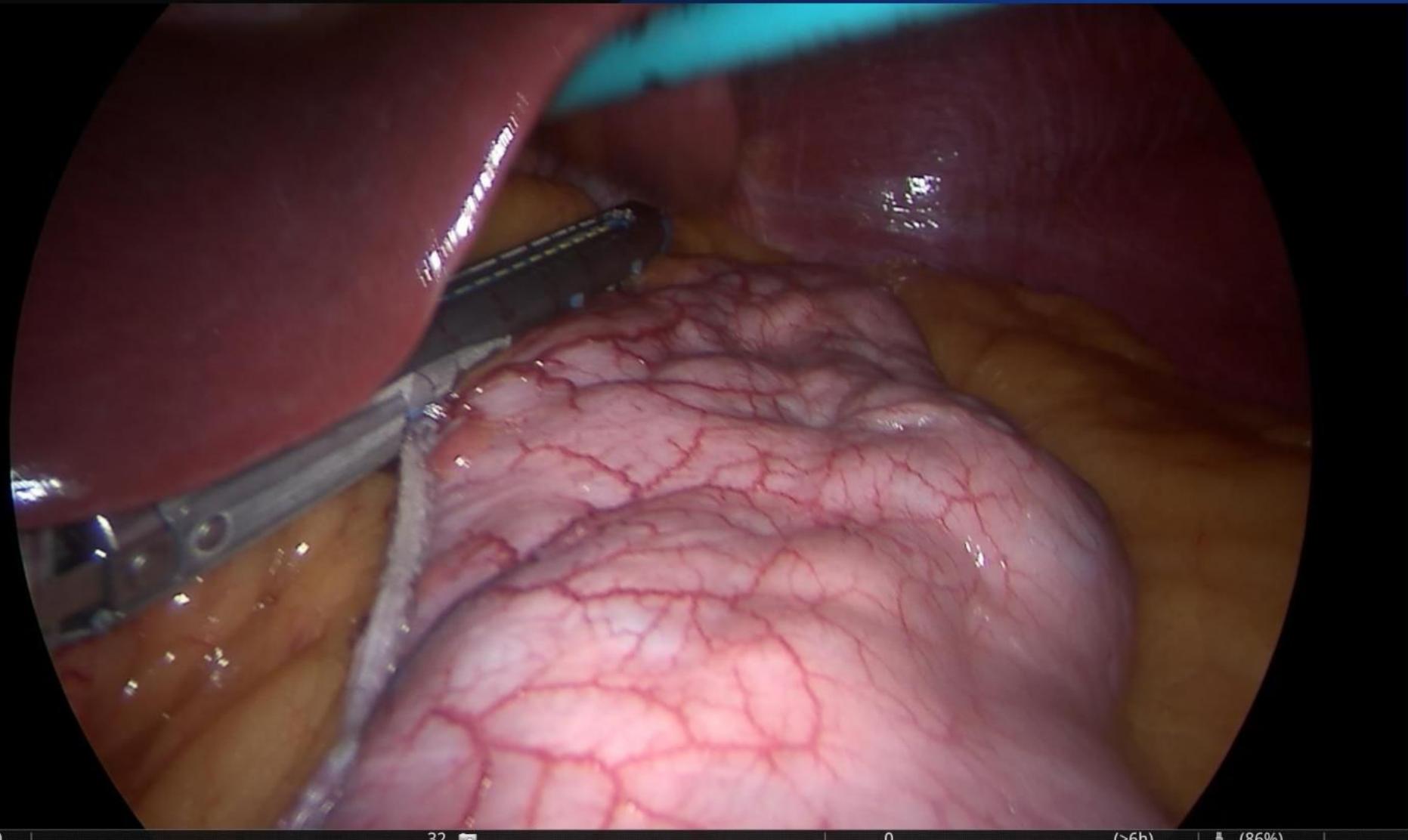
0

(>6h)

(86%)



Laparoskopska „gastric sleeve“ resekcija želuca



x1.0

32

0

(>6h)

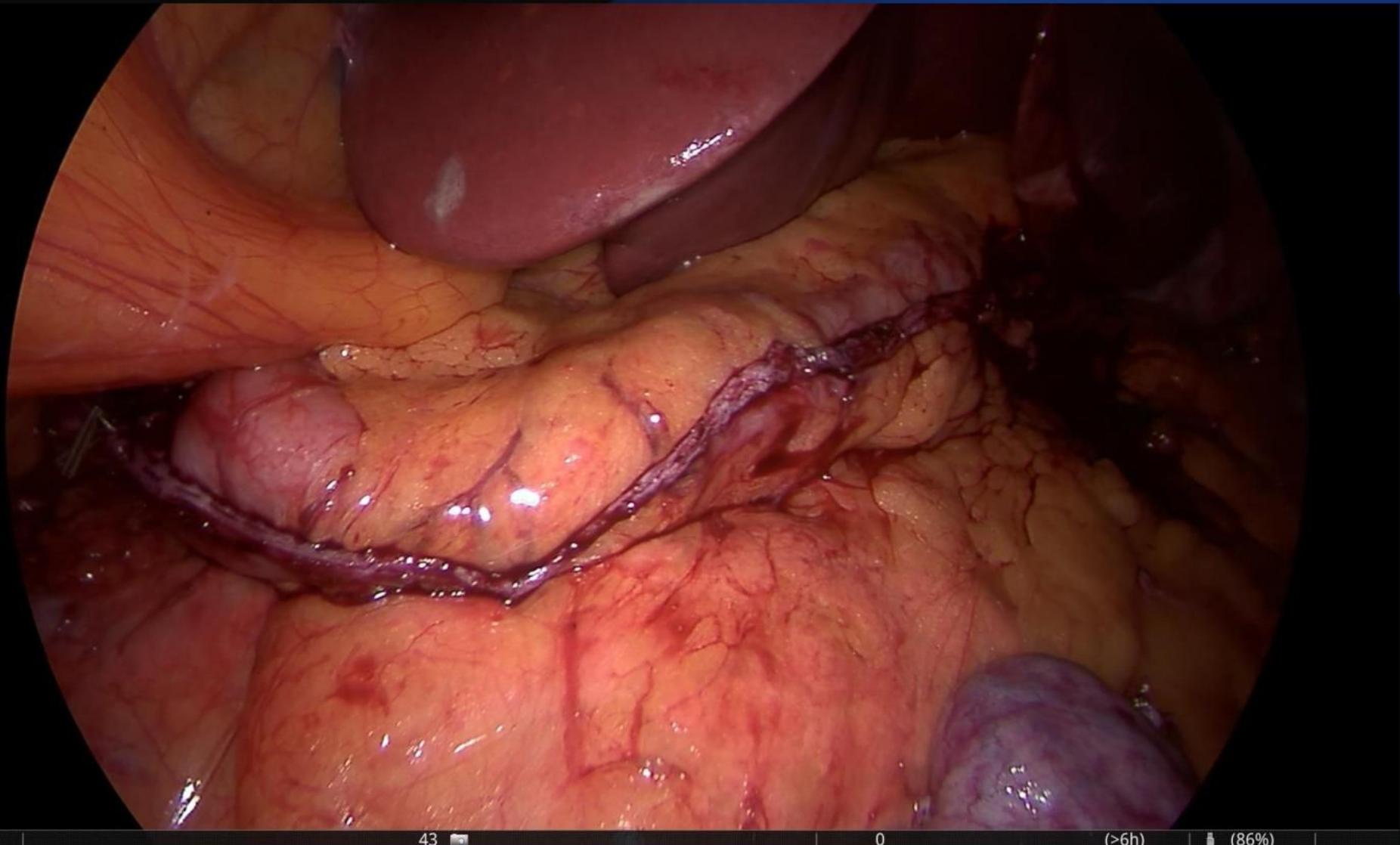
(86%)



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Savremeno lečenje gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma

Laparoskopska „gastric sleeve“ resekcija želuca



x1.0

43

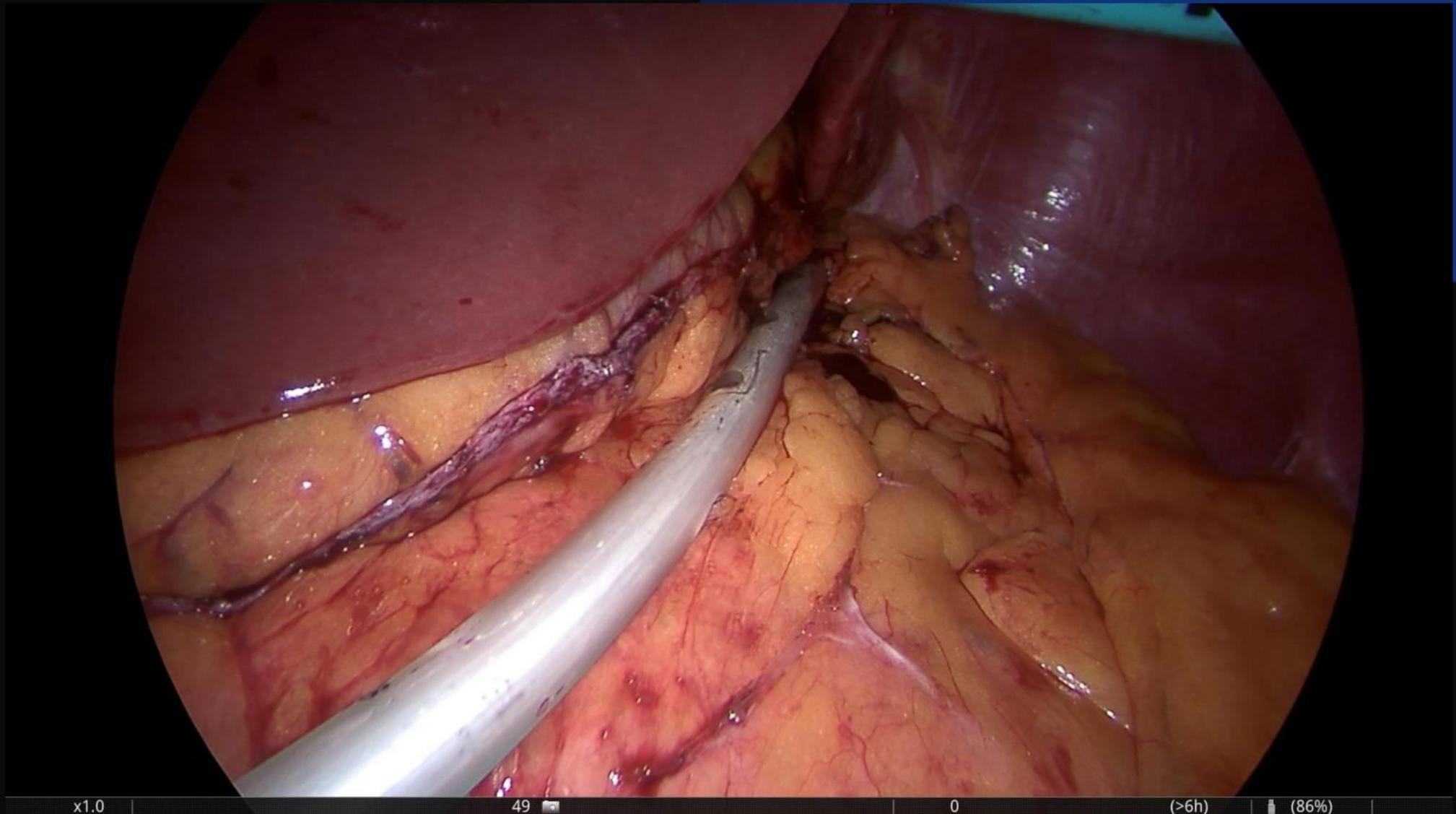
0

(>6h)

(86%)



Laparoskopska „gastric sleeve“ resekcija želuca



x1.0

49

0

(>6h)

(86%)



Laparoskopska „gastric sleeve“ resekcija želuca



Laparoskopska „gastric sleeve“ resekcija želuca



Laparoskopska „gastric sleeve“ resekcija želuca



Savremeno lečenje gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma



Prvi edukativni kurs iz barijatrijske hirurgije (2013.)



Institut za plućne bolesti Vojvodine
Institute for Lung Disease of Vojvodina
Sremska Kamenica, Srbija

Univerzitet u Novom Sadu - University of Novi Sad
Medicinski fakultet - Medical Faculty in Novi Sad

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metaboličkog sindroma
i gubitka telesne težine**
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Sremska Kamenica

17-19 October 2013
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Savremeno lečenje gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma

**Alper Celik (Turkey)
Catalin Copaescu (Romania)
Miroslav Bekavac Bešlin (Croatia)
Fuad Pašić (Bosnia and Herzegovina)**

Drugi edukativni kurs iz barijatrijske hirurgije (2014.)



Yair Acherman (Holland)
Arnold van de Laar (Holland)

Savremeno lečenje gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma

Treći edukativni kurs iz barijatrijske hirurgije (2016.)



Klinika za grudnu hirurgiju
Institut za plućne bolesti Vojvodine
Sremska Kamenica

Hirurgija gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma | Obesity and Metabolic Surgery

Dr Robert Rutledge
Center of Laparoscopic Obesity Surgery
Henderson, NV - USA

Prof. dr Miroslav Ilić
+381 63 501 301
drmiroslavilic@gmail.com

MGB Done Right!

Johnson & Johnson
Medtronic
COVIDIEN
Stiga

THE MINI GASTRIC-BYPASS (MGB)
HISTORY, OUTCOMES AND PERSPECTIVES

Petak / Friday
27.05.2016.

Almacross CMC Group

BEPOS

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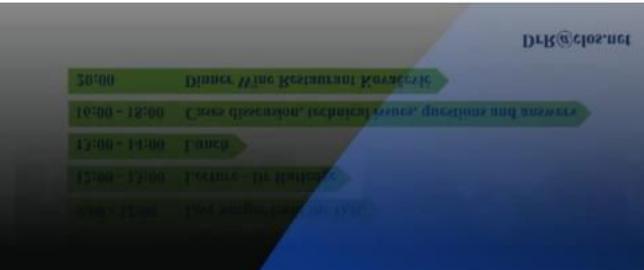
Dr Robert Rutledge
Inventor of the Mini-Gastric Bypass (1997)

27. May 2016.
Clinic for Thoracic Surgery
Institute for Lung Diseases
Sr. Kamenica, Put Dr Goldmana 4
Serbia

Programme

8:00 - 9:00	Registration
9:00 - 12:00	Live Surgeon from the O.R.
12:00 - 13:00	Lecture - Dr Rutledge
13:00 - 14:00	Lunch
16:00 - 18:00	Cases discussion, technical issues, questions and answers
20:00	Dinner Wine Restaurant Kovačević

DrR@clos.net



Robert Rutledge (USA) – MGB/OAGB

Savremeno lečenje gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma

Konferencija o barijatrijskoj i metaboličkoj hirurgiji / Crna Gora (2019.)



Hotel Hilton

Podgorica Crna Gora
Bulevar Svetog Petra Cetinskog 2,
Podgorica, 81000, Montenegro



ETHICON
a Johnson & Johnson company

A Day Conference on Metabolic and Bariatric Surgery

Podgorica, Montenegro

25.04.2019.

Hotel Hilton

Centre for Bariatric and Metabolic Surgery



CODRA Hospital

From two to one anastomosis gastric bypass

Programme

12,30-13,00	Welcome cocktail
13,00-13,30	Nasser Sakran
13,30-13,45	Branislav Majstorović
13,45-14,00	Miroslav Ilić
14,00-14,30	Surgery results and discussion with the patients about their experiences
14,30-15,00	Lunch

Legal Features and Aspects of Medical Tourism in Bariatric Surgery

Nasser Sakran
Chairman at Israeli Society for Metabolic and Bariatric Surgery
Director, Advanced Laparoscopic and Bariatric Surgery Unit at Emek Medical Center

Branislav Ž. Majstorović LL.M.
Attorney at Law and Managing Partner of Majstorovic & Partners

10 years of Experience with metabolic Surgery in Treatment of Obesity and Metabolic Syndrome

Miroslav D. Ilić
CODRA Hospital



www.drmiroslavilic.life



INSTITUT UZLOPREGA SIRIUS MEDICAL PARK

Jednodnevni kurs iz barijatrijske i metaboličke hirurgije/ Crna Gora (2019.)

Hospital CODRA
Radosava Burića bb,
81000 Podgorica, Montenegro



Hospital CODRA
A ONE YEAR
OF
METABOLIC SURGERY
IN MONTENEGRO

Centre for Bariatric and Metabolic Surgery

12.10.2019.
Podgorica,
Montenegro

Hotel PREMIER

ETHICON
a Johnson & Johnson company



Hotel Premier
Bulevar Svetog Petra Cetinjskog 145,
81000 Podgorica,
Montenegro

Programme

12,00-12,30	Welcome cocktail
12,30-13,00	Rui Ribeiro
13,00-13,30	Nasser Sakran
13,30-13,45	Miroslav Ilić
14,00-15,00	Lunch

Surgery of DMT2:
How to choose right operation?



Rui Ribeiro
Coordinator do CMDM e Cirurgia General
CLUSA - Lusidas
Portugal

Failure of pure restrictive procedure
in metabolic surgery and what to do?



Nasser Sakran
Chairman at Israeli Society for Metabolic and Bariatric Surgery
Director, Advanced Laparoscopic and Bariatric Surgery Unit at
Emek Medical Center

A one year of metabolic surgery
in Montenegro, Codra Hospital



Miroslav D. Ilić
CODRA Hospital

Savremeno lečenje gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma

Komunikacija sa pacijentima (i) preko društvenih mreža



Prof. dr Miroslav Ilić

HIRURGIJA GOJAZNOSTI I METABOLIZMA

Novi Sad / Beograd / Podgorica

profdrmiroslavilic@gmail.com

www.drmiroslavilic.life

+381 69 606 599



UŽIVO
n e d e l j a
09. maj
19h

19h
09. maj
n e d e l j a

www.drmiroslavilic.life



Prof. dr Miroslav Ilić
Hirurgija gojaznosti i metabolizma



Prof. dr Miroslav Ilić
gojaznost_hirurgija_srb



Prof. dr Miroslav Ilić
Hirurgija gojaznosti



Surgery for Obesity and Diabetes
Professor Miroslav Ilic, MD, PhD



Prof. dr Miroslav Ilić
obesity_surgery_eu



Prof. dr Miroslav Ilić
Hirurgija gojaznosti



Hirurgija gojaznosti
Savremeno lečenje gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma



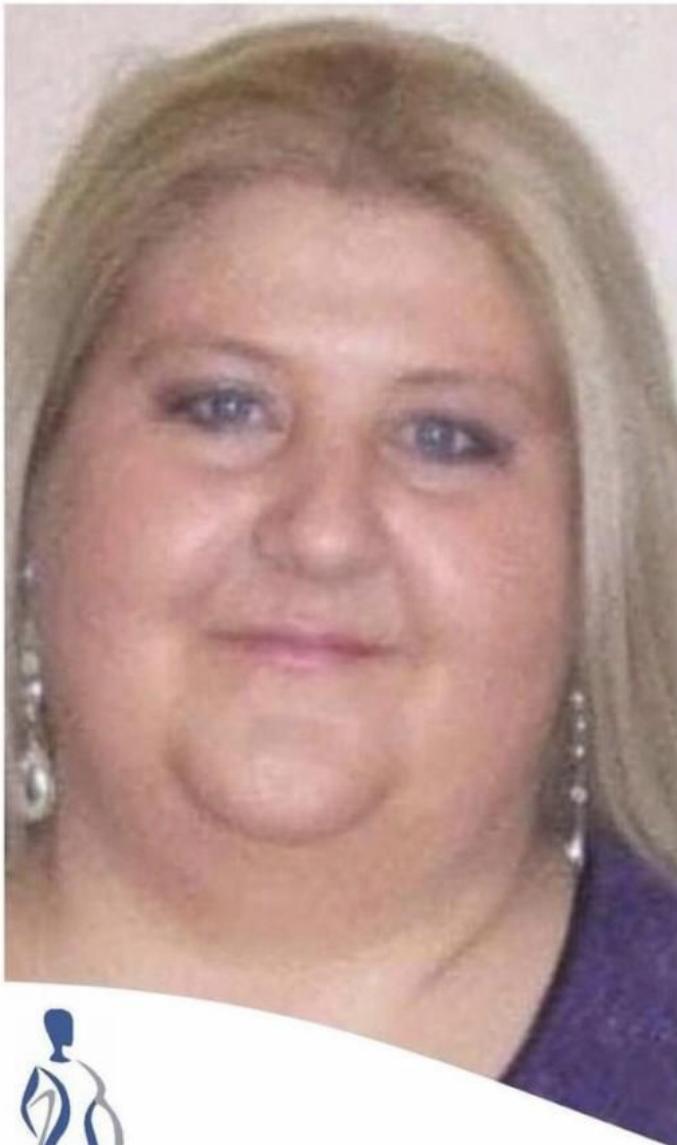


Prof dr Miroslav Ilić



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Savremeno lečenje gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma



Prof dr Miroslav Ilić



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Savremeno lečenje gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma



Prof dr Miroslav Ilić



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Savremeno lečenje gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma

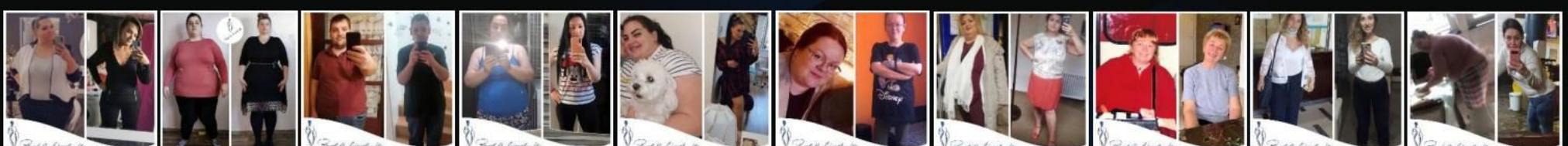




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Savremeno lečenje gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma





Personalno iskustvo 2008-2021

Institut za plućne bolesti Vojvodine, Sremska Kamenica (2008)

Opšta bolnica „CODRA“, Podgorica, Crna Gora (2018)

Opšta bolnica „Aurora“, Beograd (2019)

UKUPNO: 980 pacijenata

Mortalitet: 0,2 %

(tromboembolija pluća, moždana smrt)

Komplikacije:

gastične fistule 0,5 %,

kravljenje 0,5%,

ponovno gojenje i reoperacija 0,3%,

pankreatitis i pankreasna fistula 0,2%

uvrtanje „sliva“ 0,2%,

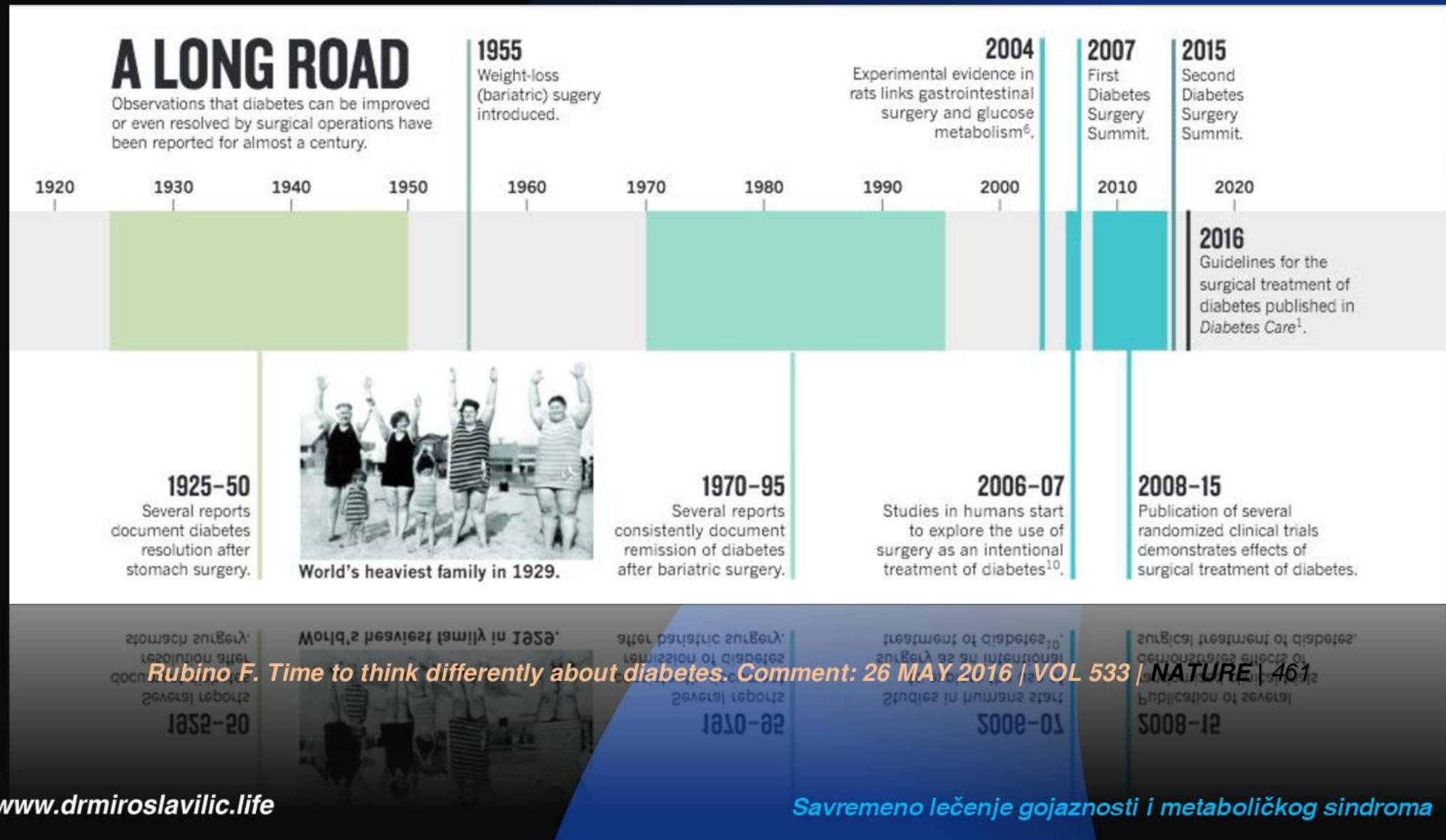
tromboembolija arterija noge 0,1%



Operisani pacijenti i masovni mediji



Šećerna bolest (DMT2) se leči metaboličkom hirurgijom!



Metabolička hirurgija protiv šećerne bolesti (DMT2)

Diabetes Care Volume 39, June 2016

861



METABOLIC SURGERY

Metabolic Surgery in the Treatment Algorithm for Type 2 Diabetes: A Joint Statement by International Diabetes Organizations

Francesco Rubino,¹ David M. Nathan,² Robert H. Eckel,³ Philip R. Schauer,⁴ K. George M.M. Alberti,⁵ Paul Z. Zimmet,⁶ Stefano Del Prato,⁷ Linong Ji,⁸ Shaukat M. Sadikot,⁹ William H. Herman,¹⁰ Stephanie A. Amiel,¹¹ Lee M. Kaplan,² Gaspar Taroncher-Oldenburg,¹¹ and David E. Cummings,¹² on behalf of the Delegates of the 2nd Diabetes Surgery Summit*

Diabetes Care 2016;39:861–877 | DOI: 10.2337/dc16-0236

Diabetes Care 2016;39:861–877 | DOI: 10.2337/dc16-0236

Statement by the International Federation of Diabetes



Metabolička hirurgija protiv šećerne bolesti (DMT2)

Metabolic surgery should be a *recommended* option to treat T2D in appropriate surgical candidates with class III obesity ($BMI \geq 40 \text{ kg/m}^2$), regardless of the level of glycemic control or complexity of glucose-lowering regimens, as well as in patients with class II obesity ($BMI 35.0\text{--}39.9 \text{ kg/m}^2$) with inadequately controlled hyperglycemia despite lifestyle and optimal medical therapy.

Metabolic surgery should also be *considered* to be an option to treat T2D in patients with class I obesity ($BMI 30.0\text{--}34.9 \text{ kg/m}^2$) and inadequately controlled hyperglycemia despite optimal medical treatment by either oral or injectable medications (including insulin).

Diabetes Care 2019;42(7):1401–1412 | DOI: 10.2337/dc19-1812

STUDIJA
INTERNAZIONALE

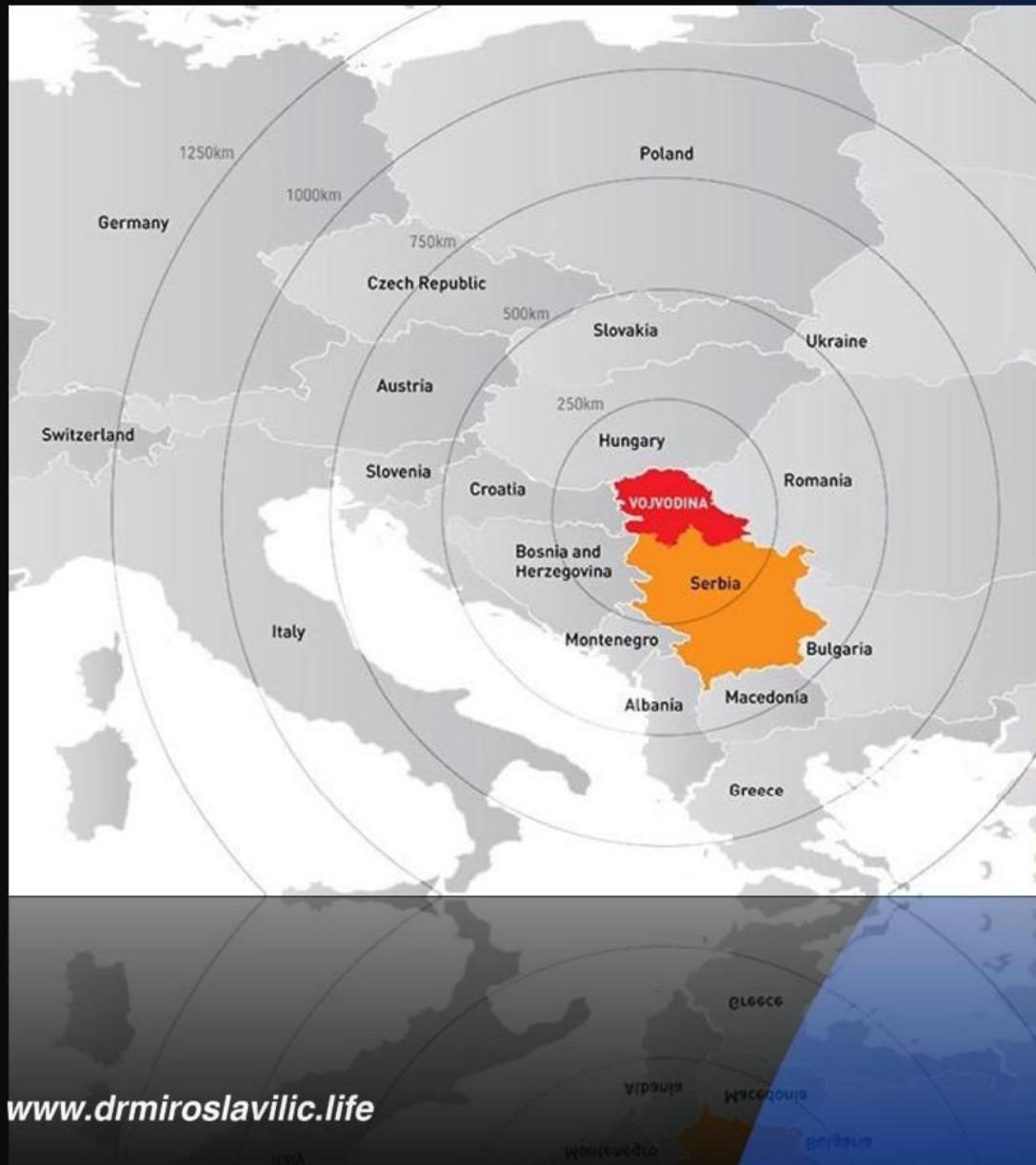
INTERNATIONAL
DIABETES

INTERNAZIONALE DIABETES

THE ITALIAN DIABETES SURVEY STUDY.
ON BEHAVIOR OF THE DIABETES IN
AND OUT OF THE CLINICAL SETTING:
RESULTS FROM THE OLAZURUM,
STUDY ON THE USE OF GLUCOSE
MONITORING IN ITALIAN PATIENTS
WITH DIABETES.



Metabolička hirurgija protiv šećerne bolesti - Srbija



Institut za javno zdravlje Srbije (2014)

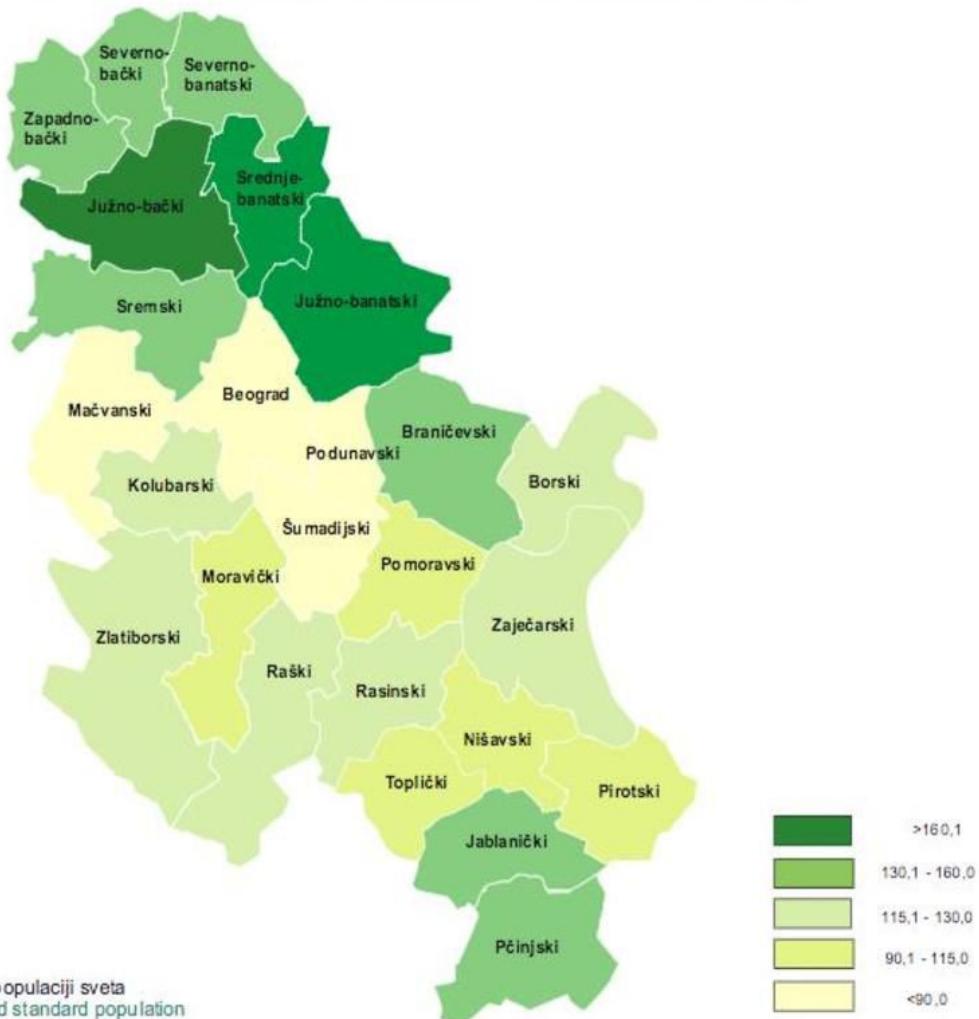
**710.000 pt. DMT2 (12,4% odrasle populacije)
36% ljudi sa DMT2 nisu dijagnostikovani**

**2500 godišnje umre od DMT2
Mortalitet 12,6 / 100.000 (najveći u EU)**

Savremeno lečenje gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma

Metabolička hirurgija protiv šećerne bolesti - Srbija

Slika 11. Standardizovane stope incidencije* od tipa 2 dijabetesa na 100.000 stanovnika, Srbija, 2014. godina
Figure 11 . Age-standardized incidence rates* of type 2 diabetes per 100.000 population, Serbia, 2014



Incidenca DMT2
Autonomna Pokrajina Vojvodina
(~ 2.000.000)

Posebna ugroženost stanovništva
u AP Vojvodini

Metabolička hirurgija protiv šećerne bolesti - Vojvodina



A screenshot of a computer interface, likely a web application for booking medical services. The top bar shows the URL 10.1.7.3:8080/klinika/klinika and several service icons. A dropdown menu on the right shows the selected service: "Laboratorijske dijagnostike" (Diagnostic Services). The main list on the right contains the following items:

- Ambulanta laboratorijske dijagnostike "Liman"
- Ambulanta laboratorijske dijagnostike "Novo Naselje"
- Laboratorijski "Jovan Jovanović Zmaj"
- Laboratorijski "Liman"
- Laboratorijski "Novo Naselje"
- Laboratorijski sistematski
- Laboratorijski Begač
- Laboratorijski Budisava
- Laboratorijski Bukovac
- Laboratorijski Bulevar
- Laboratorijski Bulevar vanstandardne usluge
- Laboratorijski Elektrovojvodina
- Laboratorijski Futog
- Laboratorijski G.C. Futog
- Laboratorijski G.C. Liman
- Laboratorijski G.C. Novo Naselje
- Laboratorijski J. J. Zmaj deca, trudnice
- Laboratorijski J. J. Zmaj hitan prijem
- Laboratorijski J. J. Zmaj odrasli
- Laboratorijski J.J.Zmaj kućne posete
- Laboratorijski J.J.Zmaj odrasli p.
- Laboratorijski J.J.Zmaj sportski pregledi
- Laboratorijski Kač
- Laboratorijski Kisač
- Laboratorijski Klisa
- Laboratorijski Kovilj
- Laboratorijski Liman deca, trudnice
- Laboratorijski Liman hitan prijem
- Laboratorijski Liman kazneno popravni zavod



Metabolička hirurgija protiv šećerne bolesti - Vojvodina

Dom zdravlja, Novi Sad: 1.1.2016. – 30.6.2016.

Test: HgA1c

978 pt.

April: 193 pts.

140 pt. (72,5%)

Maj: 215 pts.

154 pt. (71,6%)

Juni: 219 pts.

140 pt. (64%)

Konzervativno lečenje šećerne bolesti u 2/3 pacijenata neadekvatno!

Pacijenti sa šećernom bolešću - zaslužuju hirurgiju u Vojvodini!



Zaključak

1. *Gojaznost, sa svojim fatalnim posledicama na život obolelog, bolest je savremenog sveta.*
2. *Ona je u fokusu i medicine i hirurgije od sredine XX veka.*
3. *I pored ogromnog fonda naučnih činjenica o etipatogenezi gojaznosti, još nema efikasnog konzervativnog lečenja.*
4. *Hirurško lečenje gojaznosti i metaboličkog sindroma superiorno je u odnosu na svaki drugi tretman sa aspekta kvaliteta i dužine života.*
5. *Barijatrijska i metabolička hirurgija danas, pa i u našoj sredini, veoma je uspešna i praćena niskom stopom mortaliteta i morbiditeta.*
6. *Vojvodina je posebno ugrožena ovom bolešću i njenim komorbiditetima, ali za sada nema organizovanog pristupa ovoj problematici.*

